ESI C-Plus AND ESI C-Plus Executive
Installation Manual

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Rev. E

esi

We Make It Easy To Communicate

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General description

The **ESI C-Plus** and **ESI C-Plus Executive** offer small businesses all-in-one phone systems including not only phone service but also voice mail and automated attendant. Each system itself is housed in a surprisingly small case that is wall-mounted in the telephone equipment room. An external, wall-mounted power transformer powers each system.

> **Important:** Except where otherwise noted, instructions and descriptions herein apply to both systems covered by this document — the ESI C-Plus and ESI C-Plus Executive — but, for brevity's sake, will refer to both by just the term *ESI C-Plus.*

Telephone system features

The ESI C-Plus has a four-line, eight-station, two analog port configuration.

*   **Impressive expansion capacity** — Handles up to eight CO lines and up to 20 stations.
*   **ESI desktop phones** — Compact and stylish, yet rugged, an ESI 40D Business Phone, 48-Key Feature Phone, or 24-Key Feature Phone includes a high-quality speakerphone, an informative multi-functional display, and a specially designed key layout with several dedicated keys to minimize or eliminate the need to memorize codes. (The system also supports ESI's legacy 12-Key Feature Phone.) At least one 24-Key Feature Phone must be purchased with each ESI C-Plus system; an ESI C-Plus Executive system supports up to two ESI 40D Business Phones (**not** the ESI 40IP model), two 48-Key Digital Feature Phones, or one of each. Also available: ESI's Digital Cordless Handsets. (See also page B.2.)
*   **Extensive help** — Easily accessible with one press of the **PROG/HELP** key, ESI's Verbal User's Guide™ uses spoken and displayed help prompts to help everyone from the Installer through the Administrator down to the least experienced end user. You may also go to *www.esi-estech.com/users* for online help.
*   **Intelligent Caller ID** — Allows one-touch automatic message return.[1]
*   **Live call recording** — Can record any conversation or personal memo along with moving or copying of any recording to another user's voice mailbox.**[2]**
*   **Call waiting** — Includes helpful display, showing both calls' Caller ID information, and easy one-key toggling between calls.
*   **Conference calling** — Includes two conference bridges, and a conference may contain up to four parties, so the ESI C-Plus system can support two conferences of four parties each. Analog phones on the system also may be parts of conferences.
*   **Esi-Dex™ speed-dialing** — Calls any number using three separate lists (personal, station, and system); uses Caller ID information or direct keypad entries.[2]
*   **Dedicated overhead paging interface** — Allows for external paging through overhead speakers or multi-zone paging units (amplification required)
*   **911 alert** — Provides immediate line access if any station with line access dials **9 1 1** to report an emergency; sends a message via the serial port indicating the start date, time, station number and end-time of the 911; also sounds a warning tone at the operator station and displays, for example:
    911 CALL FROM
    X102 JOHN JAMES
*   **Status indicator lamp** — Indicates three conditions of the ESI 40D Business Phone, 48-Key Digital Feature Phone, and 24-Key Digital Feature Phone: off-hook, ringing, and new voice mail message.

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[1] This and all other references to Caller ID service within this manual assume the end-user organization subscribes to Caller ID service from its telephone service provider.
[2] Not available on legacy 12-Key Feature Phone.

Voice mail features

- **Up to six built-in voice mail ports** — These are **in addition to** the up to 28 possible call-processing ports; thus, you may build the system to its maximum for call-handling without having to balance voice mail needs versus call-handling needs.
- **Highest-grade voice quality** (64-kilobit/second sampling) for voice mail and other storage of voice messages. The ESI C-Plus has a six-hour voice storage capacity.
- **Quick Groups**™ — Makes it easy to leave voice mail messages for several users.[1]
- **Quick Move**™ — Records a conversation into another user's mailbox.[2]
- **Virtual Mailbox Key**™ allows easy monitoring of a second mailbox.[2]
- **Different mailbox types**, including cascade, guest, and broadcast.[2]
- **Message-on-hold recordings** — Up to five recordings: three prerecorded, one customized, and one live-entry.
- **Message Recycle Bin** (undelete) — Remembers, and can restore, each mailbox's 10 most recently deleted messages.

Auto attendant features

- **18 branches** — Allow you and your customer to set up a caller-friendly answering environment, including a company directory.
- **Virtually unlimited call routing** — Includes pager or cell phone notification.

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[1] Not available on legacy 12-Key Feature Phone.

Hardware overview/installation

The ESI C-Plus consists of a four-line, eight-station, two-analog-port system cabinet with voice mail and automated attendant. It can support a maximum of eight lines, 16 digital stations, and four analog devices. There is no option to expand voice message storage beyond the four-port/six-hour configuration.

Base Cabinet

The wall-mounted **Base Cabinet** measures $8^1/_2''$ W × 11″ H × 3″ D, and is designed for easy installation and easy component access. It houses the Memory Module and main board (with a 4 × 8 × 2 configuration), RS-232C DB9 multi-purpose serial port, a MOH connector, and another port card slot — which accepts a 482 port card.

Main board

The main board combines leading-edge hardware components — including a Motorola ColdFire processor and Texas Instruments DSP structure — along with proprietary operating system software. The board provides: system control of the Memory Module and port cards; standard RS-232C DB9 serial port; a built-in modem for remote access; an external paging-device interface; and MOH interface. The ESI C-Plus main board has a four-line, eight-digital station, two-analog port configuration.

Port card

There is only one port card type available for the ESI C-Plus. The **482 port card** is equipped with a standard female amphenol connector for easy wiring to a standard 66 or 110 block. The 482 port card may also be used on the ESI-50, ESI-50L, and IVX S-Class Generation II systems.

> **Warning:** 482 port cards for IVX 42s (IVX S-Class Generation I) **are not compatible** with the ESI C-Plus; use **only** port card boards marked *5010-0579* with ESI C-Plus main boards marked *5010-0578* or *5010-0590*.

The 482 port card provides circuits to connect up to four loop-start CO lines, eight ESI desktop phones, and two analog station ports. The CO line ports support standard CO and Centrex loop-start lines; ground-start CO lines are not supported. The analog ports provide a standard 24-volt, two-wire connection to fax machines, analog phones, and modems. Only one analog device can be connected to each analog station port. This card uses ten station ports and four CO ports when installed.

> **Notes:** The S-Class main board comes in a four-line, eight-digital station, two-analog port configuration. You can add one 482 port card on an ESI C-Plus. Therefore, the system can have the following configurations.
> — **4 × 8 × 2:** Base Cabinet (main board only)
> — **8 × 16 × 4:** Base Cabinet with one 482 port card.
> Also: the system must contain at least one 482 port card to access both conference bridges.

Wall-mount transformer

The **System Cabinet** requires a three-amp transformer (supplied).

Memory Module

The **Memory Module**[1] consists of a CompactFlash® card. The Memory Module contains all system programming and configuration data, including pre-loaded voice prompts. Its voice storage capacity is six hours.

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[1] Memory Modules are packaged separately and are mounted in the cabinet during installation.

ESI desktop phone models

Each ESI C-Plus system supports two different models of **ESI desktop phones**:

• **24-Key Digital Feature Phone** — Two-line, 32-character display; speakerphone; 12 programmable feature keys.
• **12-Key Feature Phone** — One-line, 16-character display; nine programmable feature keys.

The ESI C-Plus Executive adds support for the **ESI 40D Business Phone** and **48-Key Digital Feature Phone**, each of which includes: a three-line, 56-character display; a speakerphone; and either 16 (ESI 40D) or 30 (48-Key Digital Feature Phone) programmable feature keys. Up to two ESI 40D Business Phones, two 48-Key Digital Feature Phones, or one of each may be installed on an ESI C-Plus Executive.

Each ESI desktop phone model connects to the cabinet via standard two-wire twisted pair.

> **Note:** Use the wall hook located under the handset when the phone is in the most upright position to keep the handset in place.

ESI Cordless Handsets

The ESI C-Plus also supports ESI's digital **Cordless Handsets**. There are two sizes: small and large. Each includes four familiar fixed feature keys, four programmable feature keys, and a headset jack. The Base Station for each ESI Cordless Handset uses a standard line cord.

Desktop phone overlays

Each ESI desktop phone comes with one overlay for the programmable feature keys. To order additional overlays, visit the DESI™ website at **www.desi.com**. You can also download the free *Windows*-based software, *DESI Lite*, which allows you to print on the overlays. For assistance with DESI products, please consult the DESI website.

> **Tip:** Remember that ESI's *Esi-Access* and *Esi-Admin* software, available from ***www.esi-estech.com/Resellers***, also lets you print on the overlays as well as perform many other programming tasks.

Cautions

> **Important:** This information complies with the requirements of Underwriters' Laboratories (UL) and UL Standard 60950.

When using this telephone equipment, always exercise basic safety precautions in order to minimize the risk of fire, electric shock or injury to persons. **Before proceeding, please read the following:**

- The airflow vents on the system case **must** be free of obstruction for proper cooling. Similarly, **do not** install the cabinet in areas of extreme heat or improper ventilation. **Never** insert objects of any kind through the ventilation slots on the system cabinet; doing so may result in contact with dangerous voltages — or cause an electrical short capable of producing fire or shock.
- **Do not** use liquids or aerosols to clean any ESI equipment; rather, use a cloth that is only **slightly** damp.
- The ESI C-Plus contains **no** components that are serviceable by either non-Resellers or non-manufacturer technicians. **All service must be referred to the Reseller for further handling.**
- To reduce the risk of fire, use **only** 26 AWG or better telecom wire.

Power supply

Always disconnect the power supply and telephone lines from the system cabinet **before** opening the case for service or component disassembly or replacement.

Heed all warnings and instructions in documentation or marked on the cabinet or peripheral equipment.

> **Note:** If necessary, review "Wall-mount transformer" (page B.1) for information on the type of power supply for the ESI C-Plus system.

Fuse

Contact the factory **before** attempting to replace the fuse. The fuse is marked with "F1" and is located in the upper right-hand corner (when the system is installed on the wall) of the main board.

Battery

> **"Caution:** There is a danger of explosion if the onboard lithium battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with Ray-O-Vac BR1225 (or equivalent). Dispose of used batteries according to the battery manufacturer's instructions."

Regulatory information

United States of America

Registration

The CO line telephone numbers, FCC registration number, and ringer equivalence number (REN) of this equipment must be provided to the telephone company before installation. (See below for FCC registration number and ringer equivalence number.)

FCC Part 15

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and — if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual — may cause harmful interference to radio communications (in which case, the user will be required to correct the interference at his/her own expense).

FCC Part 68

This equipment complies with Part 68 of the FCC Rules. On the side of this equipment is a label that contains, among other information, the FCC Registration Number and Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) for this equipment. You must, upon request, provide this information to your telephone company.

The REN is helpful to determine the quantity of devices you may connect to your telephone line and still have all of those devices ring when your telephone number is called. In most, but not all, areas, the sum of the RENs of all devices connected to one line should not exceed five (5.0). To be certain of the number of devices you may connect to your line, as determined by the REN, you should contact your local telephone company to determine the maximum REN for your calling area.

If your telephone equipment causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company may discontinue your service temporarily. If possible, the telephone company will notify you in advance but, if advance notice is not practical, you will be notified as soon as possible. You will be informed of your right to file a complaint with the FCC.

Your telephone company may make changes to its facilities, equipment, operations or procedures that could affect the proper functioning of your equipment. If so, you will be notified in advance, to give you an opportunity to maintain uninterrupted telephone service.

If you experience trouble with this telephone equipment, the telephone company may ask that you disconnect this equipment from the network until the problem has been corrected or until you are sure that the equipment is not malfunctioning.

This equipment may not be used on coin service provided by the telephone company. Connection to party lines is subject to state tariffs.

Installation: The device is equipped with a USOC connector.
Registration Number: 1T1MF08B33727.
Ringer equivalence number (REN): 0.8

Hardware installation

Site location

As with most electronic equipment, the environmental considerations for this site need to observe good common sense. Provide a dry, clean, and accessible area.

Locate space in the telephone equipment room, which will provide easy connection to the 66 blocks and 110 VAC power. **The location should be no further than 1,000 feet from the farthest station.**

Ambient room temperature must be 40^0–80^0 (F.), and relative humidity no higher than 90%.

> **Notes:** **Do not** place the equipment or run station cabling near high voltage electrical equipment or electrical lines susceptible to high voltage surges from air conditioner compressors, etc.
> **Do not** mount the equipment in a place that receives direct sunlight.

The system and supporting components should be mounted to a half-inch (or thicker) plywood backboard. Here is the layout of a typical ESI C-Plus installation:

ESI C-Plus typical installation
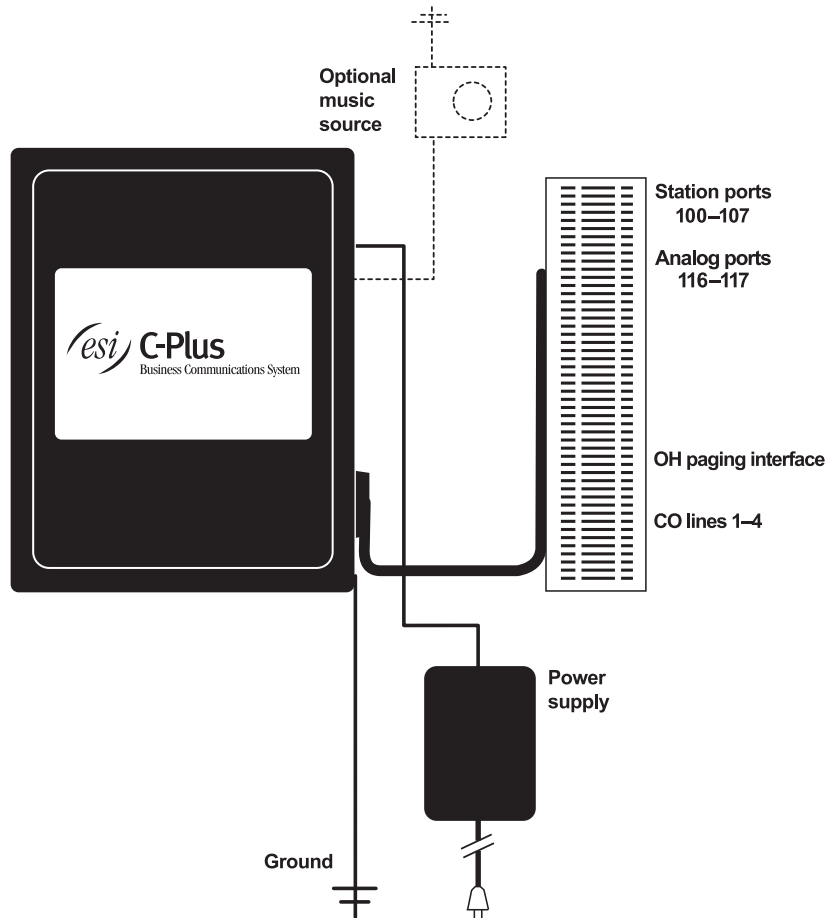
Release tab

Opening the cabinet

The lid on all cabinets is held in place by two tabs that rest in slots in the bottom of the case, and a release tab that snaps into an opening in the top-center of the cabinet and is secured by a retaining screw.

To remove the lid:

1. Remove the retaining screw and depress the release tab at the top of the cabinet.

2. Rock the lid back from the top.

3. Lift and pull the lid free from the slots in the bottom of the cabinet.
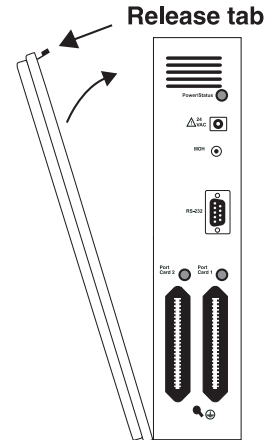
Mounting the cabinet

Use three Phillips-head screws *(provided)*. Note the position of the three mounting holes in the cabinet.

1. Screw in the top screw to the backboard — at least one-half-inch-thick plywood — leaving about one-eighth-inch clearance between the screw head and the plywood.

2. Hang the unit using the keyhole at the top of the case.

3. Level the unit and install the bottom two screws.

Attach the power transformer to the wall, allowing sufficient length in both cords to reach the power connector on the upper right side of the cabinet and to reach a UPS or a dedicated 110 VAC outlet.
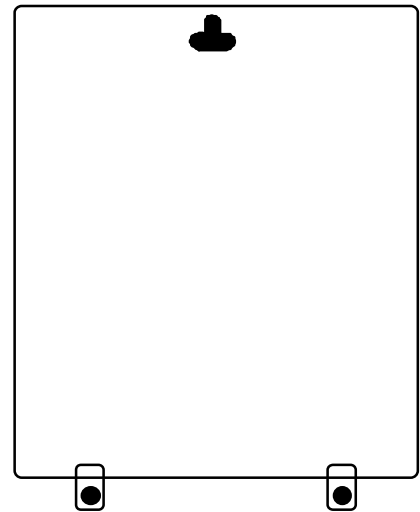
Port card installation

Adding or replacing a 482 port card will require the system to be taken out of service. Wear a grounding strap and avoid unnecessary movement while handling the circuit boards.

1. Unplug the power supply to the ESI C-Plus.

2. The cabinet contains one card slot. The card is ribbon-cabled to the main board, directly below it.

> **Note:** The first Amphenol connector (Port Card 1 slot) is occupied by the main board, which comes in a four-line, eight-digital station, two-analog port configuration.

3. Using the ribbon cable that shipped with the port card, connect **J5** on the port card to **J5** on the main board.

4. Secure the port card to the standoffs with the screws that shipped with the port card.

5. To remove the port card, reverse steps 1–4.

Main board/ Port Card 1

Port Card 2
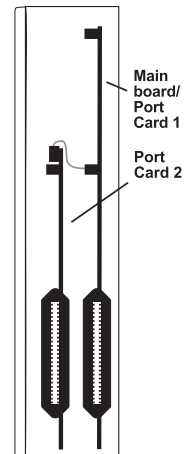
Memory Module

> **Note:** The Memory Module has a **proprietary** formatting scheme — **do not** attempt to install a non-ESI CompactFlash card. Contact ESI for a replacement Memory Module, if needed.

Adding or replacing the Memory Module will require that the system be powered down. **Replacing the Memory Module erases all its configuration data and custom recordings.** (Prompts stay intact, however.)

LED functions

The unit's various LEDs are designed to provide visual feedback as follows:

Power LED

The **Power** LED is located on the top-right side of the cabinet and is illuminated when power is being applied to the system. This LED blinks periodically to indicate that the main processor is operational.

Port LEDs

The **Port** LEDs are located above their respective amphenol connectors on the right side of the cabinet. Each LED is illuminated when any port on its associated port card is in use.

> **Note:** Disconnecting an amphenol connector when its respective LED is lit will cause any of its ports that are in use to be disconnected.

Upon power-up, approximately one minute is required for the system to configure. During power-up, the **Power/Status** and **Port** LEDs are either lit solid, off, or rapidly blinking — indicating the progress of the boot-up process. After power-up is complete, **Power/Status** blinks once per second.

Memory Transfer LED

This LED is located inside the cabinet in the center of the main board. It serves as a diagnostic aid by flashing as data is transferred to and from the Memory Module.

Grounding instructions

For proper system operation, ESI requires that all ESI systems be properly grounded.

ESI includes a 12-foot ground wire with all new ESI C-Plus systems, for easy connection.

System grounding (supplemental ground) is as follows:

- The conductor wires can be no smaller than the ungrounded branch-circuit supply conductors (usually 16-gauge or higher).
- Acceptable wire: bare **or** covered with green (or green-and-yellow-striped) jacket.
- Conductors (and power receptacles) shall connect to earth ground at the service equipment (usually a cold water pipe or copper ground rod).
- The supplemental ground must: be used regardless of power cord ground, be connected to the ground lug on the bottom of the cabinet, and retain ground connection when the power supply module is unplugged.
- Connect the grounding lugs of all units to system ground.

This ground must be connected at all times.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW ALL THESE GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS MAY RESULT IN IMPROPER EQUIPMENT OPERATION AND/OR RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK.

Without a proper chassis ground in place, you are exposing the system to the following vulnerabilities:

- Higher risk of equipment failure.
- Possible dropping of calls.
- Personnel safety isssues.
- Increased system noise.
- Lack of protection from lightning.
- Lack of protection from unwanted voltages, currents, and power surges.
- Higher risk of built-in protection devices failing due to transient voltage/current surges.
- Increased risk of harmful ESD and EMI.

> **Note:** The ESI C-Plus system lines are protected against a 10 KV surge **only** if the earth ground procedures described above are followed.

Power

The system cabinet requires a 120 VAC outlet (if possible, a dedicated outlet). Use **only** the Class-2 power supply module provided. A clean, isolated power source in conjunction with a UPS (see "UPS," *below*) is **STRONGLY** recommended. The system draws a maximum of 50 watts.

If AC power is interrupted, the system will drop all connections. When power is restored, the system will resume normal operation in approximately one minute, having retained its full programming and clock setting.

UPS

For system protection and to maintain uninterrupted operation, an uninterruptible power supply (UPS, or "battery back-up") is **STRONGLY** recommended. A UPS rated for 200 VA will provide approximately two hours of uninterrupted service for an ESI C-Plus system. **Therefore, ESI recommends that only true sine wave output UPSs provide backup power to our phone systems and equipment.**

> **Note:** The remaining information under "UPS" comes from *Technical Update* #216.

Most people have heard about UPSs, but seem to think that there is just one kind of device that goes by that name. In fact, there are several different major designs in use by today's major UPS manufacturers. These makers share much of the blame for confusing UPSs' end users by, far too often, lumping different designs under the "UPS" name.

UPSs can first be broken down into **system types**:

* **Stand-by** — A very simple design that affects power only when either a lag/brownout occurs below, or a spike/surge occurs above, a certain threshold. When either occurs, the unit trips — *i.e.*, goes into battery mode. This "cleans" the voltage and helps to keep any load safe. Industry average "trip" times are 2–8 ms. No other filtration of AC power is performed.

* **Line interactive** — Constantly monitors inbound voltages, and uses special circuitry to boost low voltages and clamp high voltages without having to use the batteries. Indeed, the batteries are used only if the input voltage drops below acceptable levels (typically about 12% below normal), goes out completely or rises to dangerous levels (typically about 14% above normal) at which components will be damaged if line voltage is not removed. Industry average transfer time is 1–3 ms. (If voltage stays within its normal window, this unit continues to pass voltage, unaltered, from the wall.)

* **On-line** (or *full on-line*) — Constantly filters the power and performs a function known as double conversion (AC to DC to AC). This assures that the load — in this case, phone equipment — will receive not only uninterrupted, true sine wave output but also the cleanest, steadiest power possible throughout any foreseeable power disruptions or voltage irregularities. According to industry specs, it is not unusual for these types of units to be able to regulate utility power, even when it drops to 27% below or rises to 33% above normal, all without using their batteries.

From this point, UPSs can be further broken down by inverter types, which determine output. These are:

* **Square wave**.
* **Modified sine wave** (or *quasi sine wave*).
* **Sine wave**.

Most devices with wall-mounted chargers, such as cordless drills or screwdrivers, can behave erratically — sometimes not allowing the charge circuit to engage at all — when operating with modified sine or square wave inverters. Small wall-based transformer-style power supplies, similar to those ESI phone systems use, can experience overheating problems with modified sine or square wave outputs, which occur while some UPSs are operating in battery mode. This overheating could eventually cause damage to the power supplies; and, in time, the damage could cause a spike through the phone system — seriously damaging some of the static-sensitive components inside the casing.

While the **true** sine wave UPS output power curve smoothly increases to its peak, then smoothly decreases (allowing connected loads and equipment to operate the same as they would from utility supplied wall power), the **modified** sine wave and square wave UPS output power curve will shoot straight up, level off at peak voltage and then drop straight down. Additionally troublesome is that the modified sine wave sits at zero voltage for a short period during the transition to or from batteries — which is the main difference between it and the square wave output of some UPS. Please note that this short interval during which the modified sine wave UPS sits at zero voltage can directly affect the transfer time of the UPS and could, theoretically, be enough to cause the phone equipment to reset or even "freeze."

Though it is hard to predict exactly when different ESI systems will have problems with modified sine wave or square waveform UPSs (meaning during a power failure event or the recovery from one), it's fair to assume that a problem will eventually arise from the use of such UPSs.

MOH port

The **MOH** (messages-, or music-, on-hold) connector on the upper right side of the cabinet is a standard $\frac{1}{8}''$ monophonic mini-jack, used for loading custom MOH recordings or for playing live music-on-hold from an external source such as a radio or CD player.

Serial ports for maintenance and SMDR

The **Maintenance/SMDR** port is a standard DB9 serial connector located on the side of the cabinet.

For printer-to-computer connection, use a standard shielded serial cable, DB9-to-DB9, male-to-female.

> **Note:** The maximum distance from the cabinet is 100 ft.

The output from the Maintenance/SMDR port is, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, and no parity. The pinout is:

Data Transmit	Pin 2
Receive	Pin 3
Ground	Pin 5

Range: Programmable for 300, 1,200, 2,400, 4,800, 9,600, 19.2K, 38.4K, or 115K bps. **Default:** 38.4K.

Maintenance

Connect a PC (such as a laptop) to the port to perform on-line programming via *Esi-Access*.

SMDR

The ESI C-Plus continuously outputs real-time SMDR call records to the DB9 serial port.

> **Note:** The system will buffer up to 1000 SMDR records (80 KB) in non-volatile memory (CompactFlash) when the maintenance port is in use for programming or uploading. When the buffer reaches capacity, the oldest records are discarded.

External paging device connection

A dry contact overhead-paging device can be connected to the system through the main board's 66 block connector. The overhead paging port is fixed (located on the main board) as extension 199 for programming purposes and user access.

Audio connection

The audio pair is connected to the 66 block at terminal 33 and 34. The pair's impedance is 600 ohms.

Dry contact control

The manner in which the dry contact pair is punched down on the 66 block sets the pair as normally open (sending a page to the port will close the contacts) or normally closed (sending a page to the port will open the contacts). Connect the dry contact pair of the device either (a.) to Terminals 35 and **36** to provide normally **open** operation; or (b.) Terminals 36 and **38** to provide normally **closed** operation.

The port can be used with zone paging units.

> **Note:** The port doesn't support talk-back paging (which requires a CO port), nor does it support CO ring through the port.

Amphenol cable connections

Connect a standard 66 Block using a male 50-pin amphenol cable to the port card's female connector located on the bottom-right side of the cabinet. The connector closest to the wall is the first port card (which is the main board on the system).

CO line connection

Local loop

The ESI C-Plus's advanced CO line circuitry provides for open loop detection and the system's built-in Caller ID interface.

> **Note:** Observe correct order of connection to preserve proper rotary hunting of the CO lines.

Station connection

The first eight pairs on the amphenol are station ports.

All stations are connected using a single pair. Each port position is pre-numbered and fixed as indicated in the 66 Block Wiring Diagram.

ESI recommends using a minimum of 20 feet of Cat-3 or Cat-5 cabling, and the provided ESI line cord, for each ESI desktop phone or ESI Cordless Handset Base Station.

> **Note:** The station runs can be up to 1,000 ft.

Digital stations

The digital station wiring is not polarity-sensitive. Only one phone can be connected per digital port.

Analog ports

The analog ports do not require that tip-and-ring polarity be observed. The analog ports can be used for 2500 type sets or for devices such as fax machines, cordless phones, etc., that can be connected via a normal tip-and-ring pair. Each analog port will support only a single analog device.

Station Numbering Plan

Each port card has 10 station interfaces.

Port card	Digital stations	Analog stations
1 (main board)	100 through 107	116 and 117
2	108 through 115	118 and 119

Installing ESI's Cordless Handsets

Each ESI Cordless Handset comes with:

• A **charger/cradle** to charge the Handset.

• An **AC adapter** for use with only the charger.

• A **base station** to provide a digital interface between the ESI phone system and ESI Cordless Handset. This base station is **line-powered** and thus needs **no** AC power.

• **Wall-mount**(s), a **belt clip**, and a *Quick Reference Guide*.

Each ESI Cordless Handset is keyed to only one base station, and takes up one digital port on a port card.

Base station installation

Due to each site's unique characteristics, the range and distance information we'll provide herein is only approximate.

Characteristics that **positively** affect performance:

• The base station should be installed so it has a clear line-of-sight with the Cordless Handset.

• The base station antenna should always be pointed in its uppermost vertical position.

Characteristics that **negatively** affect performance:

• Large amounts of metal shelving (such as in manufacturing or warehouse areas).

• Close proximity to (within one mile of) a radio tower.

• Concrete walls that divide spaces where Cordless Handsets are used (assuming the base stations are in one location).

Don't install the base station:

• Close to a wall with metal studs.

• On a metal wall.

• Next to a device that emits RFI or EMI[1] — *e.g.*, a television, radio, computer, computer printer, fluorescent light fixture, or fax machine.

• Next to any other 900 MHz device — *e.g.*, a hand-held inventory control device.

• In a ceiling that has foil-backed insulation.

• Behind doors that typically are closed, tinted windows, one-way glass, or other areas that limit or cut off transmission to the Cordless Handset.

Base stations must be installed at least 10 feet apart, regardless of whether the base station is for the small-model or large-model Cordless Handset. **Don't** install more than six base stations in one area (such as a network room). Choose a location at least 30 feet away if more than six base stations are needed in a building.

An ESI Cordless Handset base station requires only a line cord to the phone system; AC power **isn't** needed because the base station receives power from the phone system via the line cord.

Once the base stations are installed and the Cordless Handsets charged, change each Handset's channel by pressing its **CH** key. **Each Handset should have its own channel**. There are 30 available channels on the small Cordless Handset and 10 on the large Cordless Handset.

Note: Feedback may result if the Cordless Handset is within three inches of an ESI desktop phone.

(Continued)

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[1] *RFI* is radio frequency interference. *EMI* is electromagnetic interference.

In case of trouble

If you have followed the guidelines described herein and still encounter problems with ESI Cordless Handsets, please call ESI Technical Support at **800 491-3609** or e-mail to *techsupp@esi-estech.com*. When contacting ESI Technical Support, be sure to have as much of the following site and usage information as possible:

• Square footage of the building.

• Layout of building/offices, and locations of base stations. This can be a hand-drawn diagram with locations of base stations (you can fax it to ESI at **972 422-9705**; be sure to indicate that it goes to Technical Support). The objective is to give the ESI technician an idea of the site's layout.

• Number of large and small Cordless Handsets.

• How the troublesome Cordless Handset is being used. For example:

  – A large handset at the site may be used by a supervisor who travels the entire area of the building many times per day.

  – A small handset may be used only by an administrative assistant to go a short distance from an office to a copy room.

• Where the problem occurs — *e.g.*, if a Cordless Handset cuts in and out when used in a certain area of the building.

ESI Cordless Handset specifications

	Small Handset	Large Handset
Fully charged battery life	Approx. 7 hrs.	Approx. 10 hrs.
Recharge time	Approx. 5 hrs.	Approx. 5 hrs.
Standby time	Approx. 5 days	Approx. 4 days
Approximate range[1]	200 ft.	400 ft.
Weight (including battery)	5.2 oz.	8.8 oz.
Size, W × D × H (in.)	2 × 1.25 × 5.5 without antenna	2.2 × 1.67 × 8.67 with antenna

Accessories

ESI sells separately a headset for both ESI Cordless Handset models, and this is the **only** headset ESI supports for use with the ESI Cordless Handset.

For more information on accessories for the ESI Cordless Handset, refer to your appropriate *Price Schedule* or the *ESI Cordless Handset Product Overview* (ESI # 0450-0840).

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[1] Interference may result if cordless base stations are installed within 10 feet of each other. Ranges are approximate, and are dependent on each site's unique characteristics. Feedback may result if the Cordless Handset is within three inches of the ESI desktop phone.

482 port card

Term	Wire color	Signal	RJ11	Port
1	White-Blue	Data+	Green	Digital
2	Blue-White	Data-	Red	
3	White-Orange	Data+	Green	Digital
4	Orange-White	Data-	Red	
5	White-Green	Data+	Green	Digital
6	Green-White	Data-	Red	
7	White-Brown	Data+	Green	Digital
8	Brown-White	Data-	Red	
9	White-Slate	Data+	Green	Digital
10	Slate-White	Data-	Red	
11	Red-Blue	Data+	Green	Digital
12	Blue-Red	Data-	Red	
13	Red-Orange	Data+	Green	Digital
14	Orange-Red	Data-	Red	
15	Red-Green	Data+	Green	Digital
16	Green-Red	Data-	Red	
17	Red-Brown			
18	Brown-Red			
19	Red-Slate			
20	Slate-Red			
21	Black-Blue			
22	Blue-Black			
23	Black-Orange			
24	Orange-Black			
25	Black-Green	Tip	Green	Analog
26	Green-Black	Ring	Red	
27	Black-Brown	Tip	Green	Analog
28	Brown-Black	Ring	Red	
29	Black-Slate			
30	Slate-Black			
31	Yellow-Blue			
32	Blue-Yellow			
33	Yellow-Orange			
34	Orange-Yellow			
35	Yellow-Green			
36	Green-Yellow			
37	Yellow-Brown			
38	Brown-Yellow			
39	Yellow-Slate	Tip	Green	CO
40	Slate-Yellow	Ring	Red	
41	Violet-Blue	Tip	Green	CO
42	Blue-Violet	Ring	Red	
43	Violet-Orange	Tip	Green	CO
44	Orange-Violet	Ring	Red	
45	Violet-Green	Tip	Green	CO
46	Green-Violet	Ring	Red	
47	Violet-Brown			
48	Brown-Violet			
49	Violet-Slate			
50	Slate-Violet			

Worksheet

Terminal	Wire color	Signal	RJ11	Main Board/ Port Card 1	Port Card 2
1	White-Blue	Data+	Green	Digital 100	Digital 108
2	Blue-White	Data-	Red		
3	White-Orange	Data+	Green	Digital 101	Digital 109
4	Orange-White	Data-	Red		
5	White-Green	Data+	Green	Digital 102	Digital 110
6	Green-White	Data-	Red		
7	White-Brown	Data+	Green	Digital 103	Digital 111
8	Brown-White	Data-	Red		
9	White-Slate	Data+	Green	Digital 104	Digital 112
10	Slate-White	Data-	Red		
11	Red-Blue	Data+	Green	Digital 105	Digital 113
12	Blue-Red	Data-	Red		
13	Red-Orange	Data+	Green	Digital 106	Digital 114
14	Orange-Red	Data-	Red		
15	Red-Green	Data+	Green	Digital 107	Digital 115
16	Green_Red	Data-	Red		
17	Red-Brown				
18	Brown-Red				
19	Red-Slate				
20	Slate-Red				
21	Black-Blue				
22	Blue-Black				
23	Black-Orange				
24	Orange-Black				
25	Black-Green	Data+/Tip	Green	Analog 116	Analog 118
26	Green-Black	Data-/Ring	Red		
27	Black-Brown	Data+/Tip	Green	Analog 117	Analog 119
28	Brown-Black	Data-/Ring	Red		
29	Black-Slate				
30	Slate-Black				
31	Yellow-Blue				
32	Blue-Yellow				
33	Yellow-Orange	OH Page Audio A			
34	Orange-Yellow	OH Page Audio B			
35	Yellow-Green	OH Page Relay Open			
36	Green-Yellow	OH Page Relay Common			
37	Yellow-Brown				
38	Brown-Yellow	OH Page Relay Closed			
39	Yellow-Slate	Tip	Green	CO 1	CO 5
40	Slate-Yellow	Ring	Red		
41	Violet-Blue	Tip	Green	CO 2	CO 6
42	Blue-Violet	Ring	Red		
43	Violet-Orange	Tip	Green	CO 3	CO 7
44	Orange-Violet	Ring	Red		
45	Violet-Green	Tip	Green	CO 4	CO 8
46	Orange-Violet	Ring	Red		
47	Violet-Brown	Tip	Green		
48	Brown-Violet	Ring	Red		
49	Violet-Slate	Tip	Green		
50	Slate-Violet	Ring	Red		

Remote maintenance with *Esi-Access*

Esi-Access, one of the five modules of *Esi-Tools*, gives the **Installer** the capability to program all phone system features. *Esi-Access* can be used from a PC or laptop connected directly to the phone system on-site; it can also connect to the system remotely via dialup. *Esi-Access* can be used remotely by the Installer to make adjustments to a site's phone system. This section will cover how to use *Esi-Access* in conjunction with the phone system's modem for remote maintenance.

Connecting to the site

Once the site is created, connect to the site as follows:

1. Highlight the site and click **Program**.

2. For **Access Mode**, select **Online**.

3. For **Communications Type**, select **Modem.**

4. Select **Modem Type**.

5. Enter the site password and dial the phone number. (Leave the **System Access Code** at *988*.)
   If an auto attendant answers, select the **Auto Attendant Answers** checkbox.

6. Click **OK** to connect.

Once you are connected to the site, you can program features as if you were actually there.

C.1

System programming: An introduction

You can program your ESI system either (a.) from a 24-Key Digital Feature Phone (or, on the ESI C-Plus Executive, an ESI 40 Business Phone or 48-Key Digital Feature Phone) in the system (while the system is operating) or (b.) with the *Windows*®-based *Esi-Access* package. Both methods follow the same programming steps. This manual focuses on programming from an ESI desktop phone; the respective documentation for *Esi-Access* details the differences in programming from that environment.

Read the *User's Guide* first. Programming features require a clear understanding of **user** interface and application.

Once you've accessed programming mode on the ESI desktop phone, the system will prompt for — and confirm — each keystroke action via voice commands and the display. You program both configuration data and recordings in the same manner.

Programming keys

During programming, the first line of the display will show the current **item** being programmed, and the second line will be the **entry** line. You can enter values as directed by the combination of the voice prompts and display. To enter multiple values, such as a list of extension numbers, separate each value by **#** (to exit the list, enter **# #**).

To...	Press ...	What this does
Enter	#	Confirms new or existing entry and advances to next programming step.
Back up (*i.e.,* reverse direction)	*	Backs up to previous prompt without changing its value.
Delete	**HOLD**	Deletes data or recording.
Exit	[Hang up]	Exits programming mode and removes extension from DND.
Help	**HELP**	Provides more detailed instructions during programming.
Select/scroll	▼ *(left-side scroll key)*	• During entry of a value, backs up. • If a list is present (">" is displayed), scrolls to left.
	▲ *(right-side scroll key)*	• Selects from options presented. • If a list is present (">" is displayed), scrolls to right. • Inserts a space during entry of a name.

> **Notes:** Either **<** or **>** in the display indicates that additional choices or values are available by pressing a corresponding scroll key (▼ or ▲).
>
> Only one person at a time can be performing Installer or Administrator programming.

Entering alphanumeric characters

You enter names for **extensions, departments, branch IDs, CO lines, and guest mailboxes** by pressing the dial pad key that corresponds to the character to be entered. The key's possible entries will change each time the key is pressed, and the display will show this. When the desired character appears on the display, press **#** to confirm; the cursor will move to the next character position. You may move the cursor left (to correct an entry) by pressing the left scroll key (▼) or move right (to add a space) by pressing the right scroll key (▲).

Key	Options
0	0, - (hyphen), _ (underline)
1	Q, Z, 1, "_" (space)
2	A, B, C, 2
3	D, E, F, 3
4	G, H, I, 4
5	J, K, L, 5
6	M, N, O, 6

Key	Options
7	P, R, S, 7
8	T, U, V, 8
9	W, X, Y, 9
▼ (left scroll key)	Backs up and erases
▲ (right scroll key)	Adds a space
#	[Enter]
# #	Ends the name

Example: To enter a *B*, press **2** twice (the possible options to scroll through are **A, B, C** and **2**). When **B** is displayed, press **#** to confirm; the cursor will move to the next character to be entered. To complete the name, press **# #**.

System fixed numbering plan

Numbers	Function
0	Operator
1–8	CO lines
100–115	Digital extensions
116–119	Analog extensions
199	Overhead paging port
290–299	Department numbers
300–489	Guest/info mailboxes
500	Broadcast mailbox
520–529	Cascade mailboxes
560–580	Feature codes
590–594	MOH recordings
600–699	System speed-dial

System programming overview

Entering programming mode

You may program from **any** 24-Key Digital Feature Phone[1] in the system (or an ESI 40D Business Phone or 48-Key Digital Feature Phone on an ESI C-Plus Executive system):

1. Press **PROG/HELP** at any digital station. The normal **station** programming menu prompts will begin to play.

2. Press **HOLD**. The "enter password" prompt will play.

3. Enter the **Installer password** (default is **7 8 9**).[2] Then, to confirm the password, either press **#** or wait two seconds. **You are now in programming mode.** The extension will be automatically placed in DND, and its display will show:

```
INSTALLER
CMD:
```

4. The system will play the **system** programming menu. Follow it to program as you wish.

5. When finished, hang up.

> **Warning:** Always **FINISH** programming in **ANY** function **BEFORE** exiting programming mode (as needed, press **#** to accept current entries for function parameters you're **not** changing).

> **Note:** The system will automatically exit programming mode after 10 minutes of inactivity.

> **Example:** If your Installer password is *864*, **enter** programming mode by pressing **PROG/HELP HOLD 8 6 4 #**. (To **exit** programming mode, hang up.)

---

[1] Although a legacy 12-Key Feature Phone allows you to **enter** Installer and Administrator programming, we don't recommend that you use this phone for programming because of its one-line display and small number of programmable feature keys.
[2] If you prefer to enter Administrator programming mode, use the Administrator password, instead (the default is **4 5 6**).

Function 1: System parameters

Function 11: Initialize

This function will return all components and software to their initial state. Initialization will erase all data and custom recordings.

> **Important:** Always initialize the system before initial programming for a new installation.
>
> You must confirm the command to initialize, when prompted, by entering the Installer password (and then pressing **#** to finish confirmation).
>
> Be sure to set the time and date (Function 14) **before** initializing.

System initialization will take several minutes to complete. When completed, the phone's display will return to the idle state. **You must then re-access Programming Mode** by following the steps described earlier (see page D.3).

Functions 12 and 13: Installer and Administrator passwords

These functions will display the existing password and prompt for entry of a new password. The passwords can be 2–8 digits long, followed by **#**. **The Installer can change either the Installer or Administrator Password. Only those functions listed in the** *Administrator manual* **can be programmed via the Administrator Password.** The default passwords are:

Installer Password (Function 12)   = **7 8 9**
Administrator Password (Function 13) = **4 5 6**

> **Note:** Be sure to write down the new passwords, store them in a safe place and give the new Administrator's Password to the Administrator.

Accessing user station programming

Should a user forget his password or if an employee leaves the organization, this feature allows the Installer or Administrator to enter a user's station programming and operate within it as if he were the user. From the user's station, enter the **Installer** or **Administrator** password when the system prompts for the **user** password.

> **Example:** From station 105, entering **7 8 9 #** or **4 5 6 #** instead of the user password (**1 0 5 #**) will enter the station's user programming. (Default passwords shown for this example).

Function 14: System clock

Function 141: Set time/date

1. Enter a new time in a **twelve**-hour format.

> **Example:** Enter **1 2 3 3** for *12:33*, or **3 1 5** for *3:15* (note that you need **no** leading zero for the time).

2. Select AM or PM by pressing a scroll key (either ▼ or ▲).

3. Enter a new date in an **eight-digit** format, **including** leading zeroes.

> **Example:** Enter **0 7 0 4 2 0 0 7** for July 4, 2007 (note that leading zeroes **are** required here, unlike in Step 1).

4. Press **#** to finish the entry.

> **Note:** A built-in battery maintains the correct time and date, even in the event of a power loss.

Function 142: Automatic time setting

1: Synchronize with CID

This function, when enabled, synchronizes the real-time clock with Caller ID (CID) messaging: call processing compares the time of a CID message to the system real-time clock and, if the difference is more than two minutes, resets the real-time clock to match the time (hours and minutes) of the CID message. The system will analyze each such message (or — if it receives more than four calls with CID information within a one-minute period — as is needed). Select *ENABLE* or *DISABLE* by pressing a scroll key (either ▼ or ▲). Choosing *ENABLE* will allow the CID data to update the time and date.

Default: Disabled.

2: Adjust for Daylight Saving Time

This function, when enabled, causes the real-time clock to adjust itself automatically for Daylight Saving Time (DST). Select *AUTO* or *DISABLE* for DST by pressing a scroll key (either ▼ or ▲). Choosing *DISABLE* is best for those areas that don't observe DST.

Default: Disabled.

> **Note:** If this function is enabled and it causes an automatic time change, the system won't update the real-time clock from Caller ID messages (Function 1421, *above*) for 25 hours before and 25 hours after the time change is due to be effective (*i.e.*, 2:00 AM Sunday).

Function 143: Clock adjustment

This function lets the Installer or Administrator have the system automatically compensate for a clock that's running too fast or too slow. The clock adjustment speeds up or slows down the clock over a 30-day period by the amount selected. If the system clock is running **slow**, select a **positive** value. If the clock is running **fast**, select a **negative** value.

Range: -2 to +5.5 minutes. **Default:** 0.

> **Example:** If the clock is running two minutes fast over a month, select -2 (minus two minutes).

Function 15: System timing parameters

Function 151: Flash hook duration

This sets the time (in seconds) that a flash hook will be sent on the current line to the telco. The default setting of **1.5** will cause disconnect and fresh dial tone from the CO.

Range: 0.2–2.0. **Default:** 1.5.

Function 152: Transfer forward timer

This sets the number of times a transferred call will ring before following the day/night routing for the extension or department.

Range: 1–9 rings. **Default**: 3.

Function 153: Recall timers

Function 1531: Exclusive hold recall timer

This is the amount of time, in seconds, that a call will remain on exclusive hold before recalling to the extension that initiated the exclusive hold.

Range: 5–960 seconds. **Default:** 60.

Function 1532: Hold recall timer

This is the amount of time, in seconds, that a call will remain on hold before recalling to the extension that initiated the hold.

Range: 5–960 seconds. **Default:** 60.

Function 1533: Hold recall timeout timer

This is the number of times a station will recall-ring before being re-routed.

Range: 2–40 rings. **Default:** 6.

Function 16: System feature parameters

Function 161: Recording alert tone

This sets whether the system plays a short beep tone every 15 seconds during a call recording, indicating to both parties that a recording is in progress.

Default: Disabled (the beep doesn't play).

> **Important:** IN **MOST** JURISDICTIONS, IT IS PERMISSIBLE TO RECORD A CONVERSATION IF ONE OF THE TWO PARTIES IS AWARE THAT IT IS BEING RECORDED. HOWEVER, ESI TAKES **NO** RESPONSIBILITY AS TO ITS LEGALITY IN **ALL** JURISDICTIONS. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE INSTALLING COMPANY AND THE END USER TO DETERMINE AND FOLLOW THE APPLICABLE STATE AND LOCAL LAWS REGARDING RECORDING OF CONVERSATIONS.

Function 162: Connect tone

This sets whether the system plays a system connect tone (two short beeps a user hears when a station answers).

Default: Enabled (the beep plays).

Function 163: Station feature set activation

Field 1: Group listen

With this feature **disabled**: if a station user presses **SPEAKER** while on a call, the ESI desktop phone immediately turns off the handset and switches to hands-free mode.

If enabled, the group listen feature is available system-wide. If disabled, it is no longer available.

Default: Disabled.

Field 2: Privacy release

With this feature **enabled**: if a station user presses a CO line key that is in use (lit red), the user will be immediately conferenced with the call in progress on that line. With this feature **disabled**, pressing an in-use CO line key has no effect.

Default: Disabled.

> **Warning:** Adjusting this parameter while calls are in progress may result in temporary loss of audio.

Field 3: Headset microphone gain adjust

Adjusts the gain of headset microphones connected to a headset box connected to a 24-Key Feature Phone (or, on ESI C-Plus Executive, ESI 40D Business Phone or 48-Key Digital Feature Phone). If the headset microphone gain is too high ("hot"), the user may perceive an annoyingly loud sidetone or hissing when on a station-to-CO call. The default level should provide a comfortable sidetone level and adequate transmit volume when used with recommended headsets.

Range: 0–5. **Default:** 2. (See table, *below*.)

Entry	Value		Entry	Value
5	+9dB		2	0dB *(default)*
4	+6dB		1	-3dB
3	+3dB		0	-6dB

> **Warning:** Changing the headset microphone gain will drop all calls in progress. **Before** making any changes to this parameter, make sure that all stations are idle.

Function 165: Auto attendant parameters

Field 1: Auto attendant inter-digit timer

Make this setting higher if callers complain that they don't have enough time to dial before either the system sends them to the wrong destination or they hear "Your entry was not valid"; make it lower if they say it pauses too long after they dial digits. This sets the time after the first digits has been entered and before the entered number is accepted as being complete (time between each digit dialed). Expressed in 1/100s of seconds.

Range: 40–1000 (*i.e.*, 400 ms to 10 seconds). **Default:** 200 (*i.e.*, 2 seconds)

Field 2: Auto attendant no-response timer

Adjust if the time after the playing of the auto attendant greeting is too long (or too short) before the system follows the no-response (call-forward) destination of a menu or directory. Sets auto attendant's no-response timeout time. This is how long the auto attendant waits until after the menu plays all options. Expressed in 1/100s of seconds.

Range: 50–6000 (*i.e.*, 500 ms to 1 minute). **Default**: 300 (*i.e.*, 3 seconds).

Field 3: Fax energy level (CNG tone)

Adjust this level if fax calls aren't routing properly when the auto attendant answers. Increasing (or decreasing) this field causes the system to look for more (or less) CNG tone to detect whether it's a valid tone. This is a threshold level, so setting level too low may cause the system to route **all** calls to the fax port. The energy level of a fax signal must exceed this setting for more than 200 ms.

Range: 1–32767. **Default:** 70.
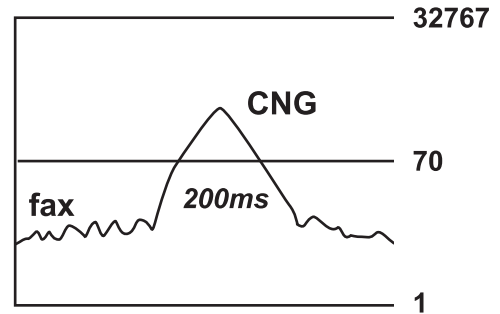
Function 166: CO parameters

Field 1: CO-to-CO conference gain

Adjusts the volume level on CO lines when in a conference call. Increasing this level to a high setting can cause excessive noise or feedback on conference calls. This is a threshold gain level. Doubling or halving the current setting is in 6dB increments.

Range: 100–32767. **Default:** 2048.

| 32767 = +24dB |
| 4096 = +6dB |
| 2048 = 0dB |
| 1024 = -6dB |
| 100 = -26dB |

> **Warning:** Adjusting field 1 while calls are in progress may result in temporary loss of audio.

Field 2: CO playback gain

Adjusts the volume level the system uses to play back recordings, prompts or messages to a CO line. If this value is set too low, callers into the system may not be able to hear the greeting of a mailbox or the auto attendant when either answers the call. *6* = 0dB; going up or down from there is in 3dB increments.

Range: 1–12. **Default:** 6.

Field 3: Trunk-to-trunk CO gain

Adjust this if callers in a trunk-to-trunk connection — either through the "reach-me" feature, manual connection or auto attendant — are unable to hear or have excessive noise or feedback. *10* = 0 dB; going up or down from there is in 3dB increments.

Range: 1–12. **Default:** 11.

> **Warning:** Adjusting field 3 while calls are in progress may result in temporary loss of audio.

Field 4: Delay before connection "beep-beep"

Adjust this if connection tones are played either too soon or too late after the system answers a CO or intercom call. Sets the amount of time before the connection "beep-beep" is started. Expressed in 1/100s of seconds.

Range: 10–100 (*i.e.*, 100 ms to 1 second). **Default:** 20 (*i.e.*, 200 ms).

Field 5: Caller ID gain

Adjust this level if Caller ID information isn't being displayed. Setting this field tells the system how much CID signal it needs to determine whether the signal is valid CID. This is a value set in the DSP and is similar to the fax energy level (see Function 165, field 4, page E.5).

Range: 1–32767. **Default:** 20000.

> **Warning:** Adjusting field 5 while calls are in progress may result in temporary loss of audio.

Function 167: Voice mail parameters

Field 1: Energy threshold

Adjust this downward if (a.) callers in a mailbox, on a conference call or in the auto attendant are being disconnected and/or (b.) messages in a mailbox are incomplete. Adjust this upward if mailboxes are storing messages with long periods of silence. This sets the value used to detect energy received by the system on any port. Lowering this value means less energy will be required to stay connected. Energy below this level is treated as silence.

Range: 0–65535. **Default:** 500.
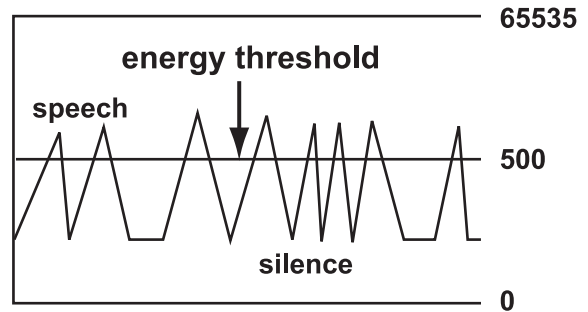
Field 2: Recording silence value

This sets how much consecutive silence can be recorded in a mailbox before it stops and plays the "end of recording" prompt (537). Expressed in 1/100s of seconds.

Range: 200–3000 (2 to 30 seconds). **Default:** 350 (3.5 seconds).

Field 3: Maximum message length

Sets the maximum message length. Expressed in minutes.

Range: 1–30. **Default:** 3.

Field 4: Page glare detection

Enables or disables the ignoring of page glare when using pager notification. When this is set to **1**, the system will go off-hook and send phone or pager strings regardless of dialtone detection. Enable this field if one or both of the following occur:

- CO lines are not releasing immediately after a pager notification.
- "Phantom" incoming calls (no caller and no Caller ID) are occurring.

Range: 1 (enabled) or 2 (disabled). **Default:** 2 (disabled).

Field 5: Maximum messages in Recycle Bin

Sets the maximum number of messages in the Message Recycle Bin.
This is a system-wide setting.

Range: 2–40. **Default:** 10.

Function 17: System speed-dial

Up to 100 system speed-dial names and associated numbers can be stored, in location numbers 600–699, for access by any station. A user can initiate a system speed-dial by dialing the speed-dial location number or by accessing the name through the Esi-Dex feature. In Function 32, access to system speed-dial can be denied to individual stations (see page G.4).

> **Note:** System speed-dialing overrides toll restrictions (Function 32, page G.4).

1. Enter the three-digit location number to program,

2. Enter a **ten-character** name (see "Entering alphanumeric characters," page D.2).

> **Note:** You must enter a name to continue.

3. Enter the number to be dialed (including the line group 9, 8, or 7). Press the left scroll key (▼) to delete any character or digit entered in error. Here's an example:

1. Speed-dial #	2. Name	3. Number
601	AUTO RENTL	915552221212

The number dialed in Step 3 can be up to 30 digits long **including** special characters:

Code	What it produces
#	# DTMF tone
✶	✶ DTMF tone
F	Flash hook
P	2-second pause

Use the ▲ scroll key to enter special characters; use the ▼ scroll key to backspace. Press **#** to confirm the inserted character and continue. Press **# #** to complete the entry.

Once the number is saved you can use the scroll keys to move back and forth to view the number. To edit the number, you must delete it and enter the correct number.

> **Example:** To create a System Speed-dial number that dials *9*, then *972-555-5644*, then pauses for
> four seconds and finally dials *#104*, enter:
>
> **9 9 7 2 5 5 5 5 6 4 4** (then scroll to) **P #** (then scroll to) **P #** (then scroll to) **# # 1 0 4** #

Deleting a speed-dial number

To delete an entire speed-dial number and name, delete the location number (**6 X X**) by pressing **HOLD** or the left scroll key (▼) during Step 1 in the speed-dialing procedure described above.

Function 18: Maintenance/SMDR serial port baud rate

The RS-232C serial port (DB9) on the system cabinet provides not only SMDR data but also access to system maintenance.

> **Note:** The system will buffer up to 1,000 SMDR records (*i.e.*, 80 KB worth) in non-volatile memory when the RS-232C serial port is in use for programming or uploading (such as during use of *Esi-Access*). If the buffer becomes full, the system will discard the oldest records.

SMDR

Real-time SMDR call records are continuously output to the SMDR (DB9) port.

1. The system will prompt you for the *baud rate*. You can change this rate by pressing the scroll keys (▼ and ▲).
   Options: 300, 1,200, 2,400, 4,800, 9,600, 19.2K, 38.4K, or 115K (bps).
   Default: 38400.

2. Select the SMDR format, *STANDARD* or *CSV*, by pressing the scroll keys (▼ and ▲).
   Default: *STANDARD*.

Maintenance

A laptop PC can be connected to this port for on-line programming (using *Esi-Access*) and software upgrades. Baud rate settings for Maintenance mode are the same as for SMDR (see "SMDR," *above*).

Function 2: CO lines

The ESI C-Plus can operate on a station-by-station basis as a PBX or as a combined key/PBX using standard loop start lines. If a station has line keys programmed, the user accesses the lines by pressing one of these keys **or** by dialing **9** (or **8** or **7**). If a station does **not** have line keys programmed, the user **always** accesses CO lines by dialing **9** (or **8** or **7**).

> **Note:** To provide additional visual indication of CO line usage, the idle display on a 24-Key Feature Phone (or, on the ESI C-Plus Executive, an ESI 40D Business Phone or 48-Key Digital Feature Phone) will show on/off-hook line status.

Since the system handles call transfer and auto attendant functions efficiently, operating in the PBX mode provides more programmable feature keys for other uses and the opportunity for glare is greatly reduced.

> **Note:** All phone programmable keys default to being un-programmed (except on extension 100, where the first key defaults as a day/night key). Use *extension button mapping* (Function 35; see page G.7) to assign line keys system-wide. An **individual** station's keys can be reassigned using **PROG/HELP 2** at that station.

> **Important:** Where any **gray shading** (▪) appears in an example, it represents values either **unavailable** to the function or **unused** in the particular example.

Function 21: CO line programming

- The CO lines are numbered 1–8.
- All CO lines are programmed to route callers during the day mode and then can be programmed to route callers differently during the night mode. The display will indicate *D* (for *day*) or *N* (for *night*) to show which mode is currently being programmed. Lines that are to be programmed alike can be *grouped* to simplify programming.

> **Example:** Here is a completed programming worksheet for incoming calls on Line 1 to ring live to extension 100 but finally answered by the main greeting after 9 rings. **(The step numbers correspond to the explanation that begins on the next page.)**
>
> | 1. CO | 2. Out | 3. Ring tone | 4. Ring 1 | Ring 3 | Ring 5 | Ring 9 |
> |---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
> | 1 | 9 | 1 | X100 | X100 | X100 | ID1 |

Do the following to program the CO lines.

1. Choose CO lines to program

During this step, you use the first four programmable keys to represent CO lines. Select lines to be programmed by pressing one or more of the programmable keys.

The first four programmable keys' LEDs will glow red. Select the COs to program alike and press # to confirm. The LEDs for the selected COs will now glow green.

2. Assign outbound CO line groups

CO lines can be grouped for outbound, pooled access into one of three line groups: *9*, *8* or *7*.

> **Note:** A line can only be in one line group or designated as a private line.

Select the line group and press the # key to confirm. Outgoing calls will be assigned from the highest CO to the lowest available. Or, to **delete** the line group number (whereupon the line can only **receive** inbound CO line calls), press **HOLD**.

Default: 9 (i.e., all CO lines in Group 9).

Private line

You can designate a line as a **private line** by entering an extension number, instead of a line group number, in this step. The line is then programmed as outlined in the following explanation, giving the private line great flexibility for handling call routing.

> **Note:** A private line can be assigned only to an ESI desktop phone. A line key must be programmed on the phone to access the line for outgoing calls. However, a status key can be programmed on another phone to display the busy/idle condition of a private line.

3. Assign distinctive CO ring tone.

A distinctive CO ring tone overrides the station ring tone for incoming calls. Select one of the six available tones to enable the feature, or select *NORMAL* to disable the feature.

Range: 1–6 and normal (disabled). **Default:** Normal (disabled).

(Continued)

4. Assign answer rings

Lines can be directed to be answered at up to 10 extensions, a department, a mailbox or an auto attendant branch ID (see "Auto attendant programming," page H.1). The destination can be set to add or drop extensions, departments, mailboxes or ID branches if ringing continues due to no answer.

> **Example:** First ring — Line 1 will ring at the operator's extension.
> Third ring — Extensions 112 and 113 are added.
> Fifth ring — The operator's station is dropped from ringing.
> Ninth ring — the call will be answered by the auto attendant.

Day mode

CO	Out	Ring tone	Ring 1	Ring 3	Ring 5	Ring 9
1	9	1	X100	X100 X112 X113	X112 X113	ID1

Once you have programmed all desired CO lines for day mode, repeat the programming steps for all desired CO lines for night mode.

Default: Answer on ring 1 with ID1 (main greeting) in both day and night modes.

> **Example:** To have after hours calls directed to a general delivery mailbox, program the system as follows. During night mode, line 1 (and other lines to be programmed alike) will be answered immediately by MB301 (a guest mailbox set up for general delivery). The personal greeting for MB301 might be:
>
> *"Hello, thank you for calling ABC Company. Our offices are closed. Our normal business hours are 8 to 5 Monday through Friday. Please leave a message at the tone and your call will be returned when we resume normal business hours."*
>
> A virtual mailbox key programmed at the operator's phone will allow easy pick-up of calls left during the night.

Night mode

CO	Out	Ring tone	Ring 1	Ring 3	Ring 5	Ring 9
1	9	1	MB301			

> **Note:** CO line groups aren't programmable from night mode.

Function 22: Translation table programming

Function 221: Centrex/PBX access code

If the system is to be used behind Centrex or another PBX, you must list the **dial access code** used to gain access to a CO line from Centrex or the PBX, so that toll restriction can ignore the access code digit(s). Users must dial the access code after accessing a line by **either**:

    (a.) Dialing **9**, **8**, **or 7**
    or
    (b.) Pressing a line key (if programmed)

The access code can be one or two digits — *e. g.,* 9, 81, *etc.* — and must be programmed for each line group.

Default: *0.*

> **Note:** You must set the flash duration in Function 151 (page E.3) for the requirements of the host switch.

Function 222: Toll restriction exception tables

The system's toll restriction is based on outbound calls being defined as either *toll calls (i.e.,* calls in the *deny table)* or *non-toll calls* (calls in the *allow table*). Four tables exist for this purpose:

1. **Allow exception table** (programmable). Up to 100 entries; no entry can exceed 26 digits.
   Default: No entries.

2. **Deny exception table** (programmable). Up to 100 entries; no entry can exceed 26 digits.
   Default: No entries.

A number listed in the **allow** exception table — *e.g.*, a branch office or vendor's location — will be *allowed* to all stations, regardless of how they're set in Function 32 (see page G.4). Conversely, a number listed in the **deny** exception table (e.g., a "1-900" number) will be *denied* to all stations.

3. **Fixed allow table** (not programmable).
   Default: *1800, 1888, 1877, 1866, 1855, 1844, 1833* and *1822.*

4. **Fixed deny table** (not programmable).
   Default: *976, 1976, 1xxx976, 900, 1900, 1xxx900, 555, 1555, 1xxx555, 0, 10, 411, 1411* and 11+-digit restriction.

In extension feature authorization (Function 321; see page G.4), each extension is set to be toll-restricted one of two ways: **TOLL CALLS = Y** (yes) or **TOLL CALLS = N** (no).

> **Note:** System speed-dial numbers (Function 17; see page E.8) are **not** affected by toll restriction.

If **TOLL CALLS = Y** (yes) in Function 321 (page G.4), the system checks the number dialed against the **Deny Exception** table. If the number matches an entry in this table, the call is restricted. Otherwise, it's allowed.

If **TOLL CALLS = N** (no) in Function 321 (page G.4):

1. **First**, the system checks the number dialed against the **Allow Exception** table.
   If the number matches an entry in this table, the call is allowed.
   Otherwise . . .

2. The number is checked against the **Deny Exception** table.
   If the number matches an entry in this table, the call is restricted.
   Otherwise . . .

3. The number is checked against the **Fixed Allow** table.
   If the number matches an entry in this table, the call is allowed.
   Otherwise . . .

4. The number is checked against the **Fixed Deny** table.
   If the number matches an entry in this table, the call is denied.
   Otherwise . . .

5. The call is allowed.

Here's how toll restriction works:

As a number is dialed (or a speed-dial key is pressed), the system compares the number dialed, starting with the first digit, until a match is found in one of the toll-restriction tables, in the order described above under "If **TOLL CALLS = N** (no)." If no match is found, the **default** is to allow the call.

> **Example:** Extension 101 is set with **TOLL CALLS = N** in Function 321. The user dials **1 5 5 5 1 2 1 2**. The system finds the first digits in the number dialed match the entry **1 5 5 5** in the **Fixed Deny** table. Since extension 101 isn't allowed toll calls, the call will be restricted (blocked).

To program the allow and deny exception tables:

1. Select the table to which you'll be adding or changing entries, **Allow** or **Deny**.

2. Enter each number pattern that will be allowed or denied, pressing **#** after each pattern.
   To delete an entry, use the scroll keys to select the number and press **HOLD** to delete.

> **Example:** For "1-900," enter **1 9 0 0 #.**

> **Notes:** Press **MUTE/DND** to insert a **"**wild card" digit. A "wild card" digit is needed only when followed by more numbers; *e.g.*, to allow/deny *1-555*, enter just **1 5 5 5 #** — however, to allow/deny all "1+" area codes and *555*, enter **1 X X X 5 5 5 #** (where *X* indicates a pressing of **MUTE/DND**).
>
> If a number that's already entered in one table is entered in the other table, this will automatically delete the number from the first table. **For example**:
> — If **8 9 0** is an entry in the **Deny Exception** table . . .
> — . . . and, later, **8 9 0** is entered in the **Allow Exception** table . . .
> — . . . **8 9 0** will be automatically deleted from the **Deny Exception** table.

> **Warning:** Do **not** include system line access codes (*9, 8* or *7*) in **any** of the toll restriction entries.

3. After the last number, enter **# #** to end the list. The system will apply the numbers you enter to their most significant digit.

> **Example:** Entering **1 5 0 5** into the deny exception table tells the system to deny **all** "1+" calls to area code 505. **But** entering **1 5 0 5 5 5 5 8 7 8 7** into the table tells the system to deny "1+" calls **specifically** to (505) 555-8787 while **allowing** *other* "1+505" calls.

To allow information calls, enter into the allow table: *411, 1411, 5551212, 1XXX5551212* (where *X* is a wild card digit, entered by using **MUTE/DND**).

Default: None.

Function 23: CO line parameters

Function 231: System CO line receive volume

Many variables can affect the volume of the CO lines. Weak lines can reduce The ESI C-Plus system's ability to properly detect DTMF dialed by an outside caller. Conversely, "hot" lines can cause DTMF distortion and/or increase the opportunity for message talk-off (*i. e.,* messages being cut off before completion). Ideally, a message recorded from an outside call has the same playback volume as the system prompts.

This function can be used to adjust the gain of the receive volume of the CO lines system-wide.

Range: 0–14 (lowest to highest gain, respectively).
Default: 10.

Function 232: Line disconnect

You can set the lines to detect the open-loop interval (if available from the CO) and disconnect more quickly. This will also allow the system to:

- Drop abandoned calls from hold.
- Reduce the opportunity for abandoned calls to be transferred by the auto attendant.
- Reduce the possibility that abandoned calls could create messages that are either silent or contain CO-generated tones.

Since open loop intervals generated by the CO may vary in duration, use this function to program the ESI system to less than or equal to the CO open-loop interval.

If this programmed value is set unnecessarily low, The ESI C-Plus system may falsely interpret static or a momentary loop break as an open loop and disconnect a caller on hold or in the process of leaving a message. If this value is set too high, The ESI C-Plus system may not detect a valid open-loop signal for fastest call processing.

Range: 1–255 (10–2,550 ms) (or **0** to turn off open loop detect).
Default: 6 (60ms).

Function 24: Caller ID

This function activates the Caller ID capability in the ESI C-Plus — **if** the customer has ordered Caller ID service from the Telco. The ESI C-Plus system will display the caller's name (or "OUT-OF-AREA," etc.) for incoming calls or messages (or show the Caller ID number if the CO only provides a number).
Default: Disabled.

Esi-Dex and auto callback[1] — This is accomplished by pressing **REDIAL** or **ESI-DEX** either during message playback or after an Esi-Dex search. Caller ID numbers received from the CO are 10 digits long (and include the area codes for local calls). **In auto callback, The ESI C-Plus assumes all calls are to be long distance and will automatically add a "1" prefix to the 10 digits to be dialed.**

A table of local area codes can be programmed to indicate that calls to those area codes are to be dialed as local calls. Select one of the following two types of **local** dialing for each area code entered:

- **Local 7** — Local calls that can be dialed only as seven-digit numbers (The ESI C-Plus strips the area code before dialing and will **not** add a "1" prefix).
- **Local 10** — Local calls that can be dialed only as 10-digit numbers (The ESI C-Plus will **not** add a "1" prefix).

For an area code that can be called as a long distance number (with a "1" prefix) **and** as a local number (10 digits without a prefix), decide which case is the more prevalent and then add to or exclude from the area codes exception list accordingly. Thus, some of these calls must be made manually.

> **Note:** Since the Caller ID information is transmitted from the CO during the silence between the first and second rings, enabling this feature will delay the answer of inbound calls until the second ring.

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[1]   Esi-Dex is not available on the legacy 12-Key Digital Feature Phone.

Function 3: Extension programming

This section provides programming for extensions and department groups.

> **Important:** Where any **gray shading** (■) appears in an example, it represents values either **unavailable** to the function or **unused** in the particular example.

Function 31: Extension definition and routing

Extensions can be either:

- **ESI desktop phone** extensions (*DIGITAL* in the chart below and succeeding charts)
- **Analog** ports (*PHONE, FAX*, *MODEM*, *RINGER* or *DOOR* in the same charts)

Digital extensions are 100–115; analog extensions are 116–119.

ESI desktop phones

Here's an example of the portion of a completed programming worksheet for ESI desktop phones.

1. Ext.	2. Type	3. Name	4. CO	5. CF day	6. CF night	7. Page zone	8. Ext.
0		Operator		X100	X100		X100
100	DIGITAL	Jane	9	MB100	MB100	0,1,2,3	
101	DIGITAL	Roger	9	MB101	MB101	0	
102	DIGITAL	Sally	9,8	MB102	MB102	0	
116	EXT	Roger 2	9	MB106	MB106		
117	FAX	FAX					

> **Note:** 100 defaults as OPR (when a user dials **0**); 101 is an example of system default.

Each programming step for ESI desktop phone extensions is defined as follows:

1. **Extension number** — Extension numbers range from 100 to the highest number of ports installed and must match the port numbers as connected to the system.

2. **Type** — Based on the port card installed, The ESI C-Plus assigns the port as *digital.*[1]

3. **Extension name** — Used for the display, reports, and as a programming aid. The name's length can be no longer than 10 characters (See "Entering alphanumeric characters," page D.2). **Default:** The extension number.

4. **CO line group** — Assigns the extension's ability to access one **or more** CO line groups (*9, 8* and *7*). **Default:** *9*.

5. **Call forward busy/no answer for day mode** — The extension is set to call forward busy/no answer to the extension (or department) mailbox for day mode. This option is set and cannot be changed with the exception of extension 0.

6. **Call forward busy/no answer for night mode** — Same as previous item, except night mode.

(Continued)

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[1] For programming of analog ports, see pages G.2–G.3.

7. **Extension page zone assignment** — List the page zones (0, 1, 2, 3) that are to be included.
Default: 0 (all-page).
The overhead paging port (extension 199) can be paged along with other extensions in a zone by including the desired page zone for extension 199.
All digital phone extensions are included in (and cannot be removed from) the all-page zone.
Analog extensions cannot be included in page zones.

> **Note:** You must press **#** before the zone number.

8. **Operator translation** — Extension **0** (Operator) programming requires:
   * Programming call forwarding for day and night mode.
   * Entering the extension number to which calls are to be directed when someone dials **0**.
   Default: 100.

> **Notes:** If you want more than one extension to ring when someone dials **0**, you must build a department in Function 33 (see page G.5) and enter the department in column 8 on page G.1.
>
> If operator translation is directed to a department or branch ID, and a call to the operator is not answered, operator call forwarding takes precedence.

Analog ports

The last 2 station ports can be programmed only as shown below.

1. Ext.	2. Type	3. Name	4. CO
0		Operator	
100	DIGITAL	Jane	9
101	DIGITAL	Roger	9
102	DIGITAL	Sally	9,8
116	PHONE / FAX / MODEM / RINGER / DOOR	PHONE / FAX / MODEM / RINGER / DOOR	9
117	PHONE / FAX / MODEM / RINGER / DOOR	PHONE / FAX / MODEM / RINGER / DOOR	9

Here are the steps for programming analog ports:

1. **Phone number** — Analog port extension numbers must be in the range of x132–x135.

2. **Type** — If *ANALOG PORT* is selected, then the ports can further be defined as follows; the words in parentheses **(EXAMPLE)** indicate what the display will show in each case.

> **Note:** If DTMF digits are to be received by a device connected to an analog station port (*i.e.,* IVR, zone paging, *etc.*), the analog port extension type must be assigned in Function 32 as either EXT or DOOR (*below*). Any other type will block DTMF digits from passing through.

Phone (EXT) — Designed to provide for standard 2500 type phones. See The *ESI C-Plus User's Guide* for a complete description of the capabilities.

Common ringer (RINGER) — Connected via a tip and ring pair; will apply ring voltage whenever a line rings in night mode or when a call is directed to it (transfer, call forwarding, CO ring, etc.).

Fax (FAX) — If the Auto Attendant detects a fax tone, it will automatically forward the tone to the analog port programmed as FAX.

Modem (MODEM) — Incoming calls for a modem can be manually transferred to the modem extension; also, the modem can automatically generate outbound calls. Maximum connect speed through the PBX is 9600 bps.

Door phone (DOOR) — A telephone connected to this port will automatically dial the programmed ring down extension number whenever the set is taken off-hook.

(Continued)

3. **Extension name** — This is used for the display, reports, and as a programming aid. The maximum length is 10 characters (See "Entering alphanumeric characters," page D.2).
   Default: The type selected.

> **Note:** The name for the ringer and door must be changed in Function 32.

4. **CO line/ring down** — For fax, modem, or phone, select the desired line group — *9, 8* or *7*.
   Default: *9*.

   If *door phone* is selected, an extension number is entered as a ring down destination.
   Default: Extension 100.

   No dial tone is presented for *common ringer.*

Overhead paging interface

You can connect a dry-contact overhead paging device to the system through the first port card's 66 block. The overhead paging port's access is fixed as extension 199 for programming purposes. The user can access it by:

(a.) Dialing **1 9 9**
or
(b.) Programming *199* as a programmable key and/or including *199* in one or more page zones.

> **Note:** DTMF can be transmitted to the overhead paging port after access, allowing for zone overhead paging, if the paging unit supports zone paging.

1.				2.
Ext.	**Type**	**Name**	**CO**	**Page Zone**
199				1

Dry contact control

The manner in which the dry contact pair is punched down on the 66 block sets the pair as either **normally open** (sending a page to the port will close the contacts) or **normally closed** (sending a page to the port will open the contacts). See the "Hardware installation" section (beginning on page B.5).

Function 32: Extension feature authorization

Function 321: Standard feature authorization

The Installer or Administrator can allow or deny many extension features on an extension-by-extension basis. A user, however, can only program and use allowed features (by using a combination of voice and display prompts) from his/her phone. Here is an example of a completed programming worksheet. The programming sequence is:

1. Ext.	2. Name	3. Live recdg.	4. Toll allow	5. Sys. spd.-dial	6. Ext. fwdg.	7. Ext. fwdg. to toll #	8. Trk-to- trk xfer	9. Assoc. ext.
XXX	Default	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	
100	Jane	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	
101	Roger	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	
102	Sally	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	X206[†]
116	Bill		Y	Y	N	N	N	

The programming steps are:

1. **Extension number** — Enter the extension number to program.

2. **Extension name** — Name the extension (if not previously named in Function 31 [see page G.1]).

For each of the following features, press a scroll key (▼ or ▲) to select *YES* or *NO*.

3. **Live recording feature** — If enabled, will allow the user to record conversations.

4. **Toll restriction** — "YES" allows the user to place toll calls. If you select "NO," the user can make only either non-toll calls or calls to numbers listed in the allow exception table.

5. **System speed-dial** — "YES" allows the user to access and place system speed-dial calls.

6. **External forwarding** — Allows the station user to enable the off-premises "reach-me" feature, which allows a caller that has been forwarded to voice mailbox to be transferred to an outside number. See the *ESI C-Plus User's Guide* for more information about the off-premises "reach-me" feature. **Default:** Disabled.

7. **External forwarding to toll number** — Used in conjunction with external forwarding, this feature, when enabled, lets the user program a long-distance number for external call forwarding.

> **Note:** After the system dials the external forwarding number, a prompt will be played saying, *"You are receiving a forwarded call. Press any key to accept."* This prompt will play continuously for 30 seconds. If the forwarded call is answered and the called party dials a digit, the forwarded call will be connected to the called party. If no digit is dialed, the caller is automatically forwarded to voice mail. While the two lines (trunks) are connected, the system constantly monitors the lines for open loop conditions (hang-up). If an open loop is detected on either line, the call is disconnected. The system also monitors for voice activity on the connected lines. If voice is no longer detected, the call is disconnected. Finally, if both lines are connected for more than 60 minutes[1], the call will be disconnected.

(Continued)

[†]   An example of a digital Cordless Handset.
[1]   The default timer can be made longer or shorter. To get this adjustment, contact ESI Technical Support.

8. **Trunk-to-trunk transfer** — When enabled, this lets the station user initiate a **trunk-to-trunk transfer.** The user, while connected to a CO line, can press **TRANSFER**, dial an off-site number and then complete the trunk-to-trunk transfer by simply hanging up. Both outside parties are then connected.

   Default: Disabled.

   > **Important:** USE OF FEATURES, SUCH AS TRUNK-TO-TRUNK TRANSFER, THAT REQUIRE TRUNK-TO-TRUNK CONNECTIONS WILL INCREASE THE RISK OF TOLL FRAUD. IN NO EVENT SHALL ESI (ESTECH SYSTEMS, INC.) BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES WHATSOEVER INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, FRAUDULENT TOLL CHARGES, LOSS OF BUSINESS PROFITS, BUSINESS INTERRUPTIONS OR ANY OTHER COSTS OR DAMAGES RELATED THERETO ARISING FROM THE USE OF THESE FEATURES.

9. **Associated extension** — Enter the desired ESI Cordless Handset extension. This creates a **relationship** that allows use of the **Quick Switch key**. For information about the Quick Switch key, consult the *User's Guide* (ESI # 0450-1177). This field is not available for an extension using a 12-Key Feature Phone or 16-Key Feature Phone (both are legacy products).

Function 33: Department programming

You can create up to 10 **departments** (or "hunt groups"), each with a maximum of 32 extensions. You also can assign an extension to more than one department. Department numbers range 290–299.

Department hunting methods

You can designate a department to be rung in one of the following methods:

- **In Order** — Calls will ring each phone in the order listed. If all are busy or none answer, the call will call-forward as programmed here.
- **All** — Calls will ring all listed phones at the same time. If no extension answers, the call will call-forward as programmed here. If call waiting for the department is enabled and all extensions are busy when a new call arrives, active extensions will receive a call waiting tone and Caller ID display. If extensions become available prior to the call-forward, these phones also will ring. If no extension answers the new call, the call will call-forward as programmed here. If additional new calls arrive before the first new call is answered, these additional calls will call-forward as programmed here.
- **UCD** — Calls will be rotated evenly throughout the listed extensions. If none answer or all are busy, the call will call-forward as programmed here. Counters are cleared at midnight.
- **Pick-up-only** — Additionally, you can designate a department as a **pick-up group.** Calls cannot be directed to a pick-up-only department. Instead, one must use a programmable feature key on phones that are to use this feature. An extension can be in only one pick-up group.

   > **Example:** A call is transferred to extension 102; it has been placed into Department 291, which is set as pick-up-only. If extension 102 rings, the user can pick up the call by pressing ✳ and a programmable feature key programmed for Department 291.

Procedure

Here's an example of a completed department programming worksheet:

1. Dept. no.	2. Name	3. Type	4. Call waiting	5. CF day	6. CF night	7. List:
290	Sales	In order		MB300	MB300	104, 112, 115
291	Service	UCD		X0	MB301	101, 102
292	Support	All	Y	X0	MB302	105, 106, 107

Here are the programming steps.

1. **Department number** — Range is 290–299.

2. **Name** — Used for the display, reports, and as a programming aid. Length can be up to 10 characters (See "Entering alphanumeric characters," page D.2).

   Default: The department number.

3. **Type** — Selected from one of the possible types — *all, in order, UCD,* or *pick-up.*
   Can be changed later without affecting its other programmed values.

   Default: In order.

4. **Call waiting** (applies **only** to "All" department type) — *Y* enables call waiting (call waiting tone and Caller ID display) on busy extensions in the department. *N* disables call waiting for the department.

   Default: *Y* (enabled).

   > **Note:** *Y* (Yes) overrides call waiting extension programming.

5. **and 6. Call forward busy/no answer** — The department can be set to call forward busy/no answer (for all extensions in the department) to an extension, another department, a mailbox or a branch ID for day mode and differently for night mode. The department can have its own mailbox for pickup by members knowing the password or forwarded to any mailbox type including guest.
   Calls routed to an extension via a department will follow the **department's** call forwarding, while calls transferred to the extension will follow the **extension's** call forwarding as programmed in Function 31 (see page G.1).

   Default: X100.

7. **Department list** — Enter the extension numbers that are assigned to this department. To delete an extension number from a list, press **HOLD**. Please note that **the order that the extension numbers are entered will dictate the order called when the department selected is "in order."**

Example: Here is a portion of a completed Programming Worksheet for Department programming.
Department 290 was created to have calls directed to it to first ring 104, then, if busy/no answer, 110, and then 112. If all are busy or do not answer, the call will forward to the operator if in day mode — or, if in night mode, to guest mailbox 300 for retrieval in the morning. Department 291 rotates calls between the two extensions listed; if both are busy/no answer, calls go to the service manager (X105) — or, if in night mode, to Guest Mailbox 301, which has been set to page the tech on-call.

1. Ext.	2. Name	3. Type	4. Call waiting	5. CF day	6. CF night	7. List:
290	SALES	IN ORDER		X0	MB300	104, 111, 112
291	SERVICE	UCD		X105	MB301	101, 102

Function 35: Extension button mapping

By default, the programmable feature keys' initial state is "not programmed" (except in the case of station 100, on which the upper left key is a day/night key). Use this function to change the programmable feature keys **system-wide.** Users can later change the programmable feature key positions for **their** stations as part of station programming.

> **Important:**   Future, system-wide changes made later here by the Installer will overwrite **any** station user programming.

When prompted, press the desired programmable feature key location, then enter the appropriate digits on the dial pad and confirm by again pressing the same programmable feature key.

To determine how a programmable feature key is currently programmed, press the key, note how it is programmed, and press the key again.

The keys can be programmed as follows:

CO line key

If the dialed digits are **1–8**, the key will serve as a CO line key.

> **Note:**   Removing the line key appearances will set the station(s) to operate as a PBX with line access by dialing **9** (or **8** or **7**).

Station key

If the digits entered constitute a three-digit extension number (or department, guest mailbox, etc.), the key will become a station key providing the appropriate lamp information (See "System fixed numbering plan," page D.2).

Speed-dial key

If one enters **9** (or **8** or **7**) plus a phone number, the key will become a speed-dial key for outside calls. Alternatively, the user may enter the system speed-dial bin (600–699).

Feature keys

Feature keys, as listed here, cannot be programmed system-wide but must be programmed for each individual station. Refer to "Feature key chart" (page G.8) for specific availability by ESI phone model.

- **Manual day/night mode (Code 560)** — Allows manual setting of the system's mode — day, night, holiday or auto (in auto mode, the system follows the day/night mode tables you have programmed).

  > **Note:**   The Installer or the Administrator can also change the mode and/or re-record the holiday greeting remotely to handle unexpected closings, such as for inclement weather.

- **Headset key (Code 564)** — Provides for easy connecting to/disconnecting from calls when the user is operating in headset mode. The user presses the key to receive dial tone or to answer a ringing call; he/she then presses the key again to disconnect from the call.
- **Call forward key (Code 565 or 565XXX)** — Toggles call forwarding on and off. If the user always forwards to the same extension, you (or the user) can program a key with both **5 6 5** and the extension number.
- **Redial key[1] (Code 566)** — Redials the most recently dialed number, as would pressing the **REDIAL** fixed-feature key.
- **Call forward/no-answer key (Code 567)** — Sets or cancels call forwarding/no-answer. This overrides the call forward busy/no-answer assignment in Function 31.
- **Message monitor key (Code 568)** — Toggles message monitor mode. (Functionally is same as pressing **PROG/HELP 3 6** and following the prompts.)

---

[1]   Programmable on only the legacy 12-Key Feature Phone.

- **Background announce key (Code 569)** — During call waiting, pressing (and holding down) this key lets the user make a brief, private **background announcement** to the station's earpiece (if the user has enabled the background announce feature).
- **Conference (Code 570)**[1] — Serves the same function as the **CONF** fixed-feature key.
- **Personal greeting keys (Codes 571–573)** — These provide for easy activation of one or more of the user's personal greetings. Each key's LED will be green for the associated personal greeting that is active. These keys can be used in place of, or in conjunction with, manual activation of the greetings in programming mode.
- **Caller ID (Code 574)** — Allows the user to view the 25 calls presented most recently to his station. Caller ID records are stored **only** for those phones which have a Caller ID key assigned.
- **Virtual Answer Keys (Codes 575 and 576)** — Pressing a Virtual Answer Key when the extension receives a call-waiting alert causes the system to play a greeting to a caller and then route the caller to a desired destination. (For more details on this feature, see the *User's Guide*.)

> **Note:** This works **only** if call waiting is enabled for the station.

- **MUTE/DND (Code 578)** — Serves the same function as the **MUTE/DND** fixed-feature key.
- **VOICE MAIL (Code 579)** — Serves as a **VOICE MAIL** key on legacy 12-Key Digital feature Phones.
- **Override ring key (Code 580)** — Allows a user to place an outside call (CO or extension) while another call is ringing in on the same station.
- **Record (Code 582)** — For ESI Cordless Handsets only. Pressing this key performs the same as does the fixed **RECORD** key on ESI desktop phones.
- **Quick Switch (Code 583)** — When programmed, pressing this key lets the user transfer active calls between an ESI desktop phone and ESI Cordless Handset. It also allows the user to set specific ring options when using an ESI desktop phone and ESI Cordless Handset simultaneously.
- **Account codes (Code 584)** — When programmed, pressing this key lets the user send account codes during a call.

> **Note:** To **delete** a programmable feature key, press **HOLD** instead of programming a value.

Feature key chart

Code[2]	Feature key	(legacy) 12-Key Phone	ESI Cordless Handset	ESI 40D, 48-Key, 24-Key, (legacy) 16-Key Phones
560	Manual day/night mode key		Y	Y
564	Headset key			Y
565	Call forward key	Y	Y	Y
565XXX	Forward to a destination	Y	Y	Y
566	Redial	Y		
567	Call forward/no-answer key			Y
568	Message monitor key		Y	Y
569	Background announce key		Y	Y
570*	Conference	Y		
571	Personal Greeting 1	Y	Y	Y
572	Personal Greeting 2	Y	Y	Y
573	Personal Greeting 3	Y	Y	Y
574	Caller ID key			Y
575 and 576	Virtual answer keys		Y	Y
578	Mute/DND	Y	(DND only)	
579	Voice mail	Y		
580	Override ring key		Y	Y
582	Record		Y	
583	Quick Switch			Y
584	Account codes	Y	Y	Y

---

[1] Programmable on only the legacy 12-Key Feature Phone.
[2] **XXX** = Forwarded-to extension.

Virtual Mailbox Key

To create a virtual mailbox key for a user extension, press **VOICE MAIL** ✱ and then enter the extension number.

If the entered digits are a three-digit extension number for a guest, department mailbox, etc., the key will provide for direct transfer to that mailbox, as described above. However if you program **VOICE MAIL** and a three-digit extension or mailbox number, it will become a **Virtual Mailbox Key**, which will indicate message status for the mailbox (the LED will blink red if new messages exist) and provide direct pick-up of the messages.

Private line key

If a private line has been established in CO line programming (see "Private line," page F.2), that CO line key must appear on that station's phone to allow outbound access to the line.

Function 4: Auto attendant programming

You can program the auto attendant, in line programming (Function 2; see page F.1), to answer calls immediately, on a delayed-answer basis or not at all (*i.e.,* for live answer at all times). If required, you also can program different main greetings and routing schemes for different combinations of lines. Day/night mode will change the main greeting announcement and affect rerouting of calls during call processing.

Function 41: Auto attendant branch programming

The ESI C-Plus system's auto attendant follows a **branch concept**: the caller is routed through a series of branches, ultimately to the extension he wishes to reach. The caller moves from branch to branch by selecting a number or name presented in a branch prompt.

Below is the sequence for programming The ESI C-Plus auto attendant:

1. **Branch ID** — A numeric designator that indicates its location and relationship to the other branches. There can be up to two levels of branches — the first level being a single digit, the second level being two digits, and so on. The Main Greeting is ID 1 (or 2 if a different greeting for each line is desired); the sub-branch will have that number, plus an additional digit of its own (corresponding to choices given to the caller, shown here in bold): *11, 12, 13, etc.*

2. **Type** — Select a Menu (Main Greeting ID 1 or ID 2), GoTo (ID 11–17, ID 21–27), or Directory Branch (ID 18, ID 28).

3. **Name** — Enter the name to help identify the branch for later programming changes; this also is the source for reports and display information at users' phones.

4. **Destination** — Each branch type has different possible destinations as indicated:

Menu branch type	Destination(s)	Sub-branches
GoTo	Extension, mailbox, branch ID, or outside number	(created later)
Directory	List of names (entered in Function 62)	

Menu branch (ID 1–2)

A **menu branch** includes a prompt that instructs the caller to make a selection from the choices presented such as *"For Sales, press 1; for Service, press 2; or, for Admin, press 3."*

When a caller makes a single-digit selection in the menu branch, he/she will then advance to one of its sub-branches — a GoTo branch (routes the caller to a destination; see page H.2) or directory branch (for choosing from a list of names; see page H.4).

> **Note:** If a caller makes no selection during the prompt in a menu branch, he will be transferred according to the no-response programming for that branch (see page H.4).

GoTo branch (ID 11–17, ID 21–27)

A **GoTo branch** transfers the caller to an Extension, Department, Mailbox, Branch ID or outside number:

- **GoTo: Dial** — Automatically blind-transfers the caller to the extension or department number programmed as its destination. If the number listed is a department, the system will follow the programming for the Department as set in Function 33 (see page G.5).
  If the destination extension or department dialed is busy or does not answer, the call will follow call forwarding for the extension as programmed in Function 31 (see page G.1) or the department as programmed in Function 33 (see page G.5).

- **GoTo: Mailbox** — Routes a caller to that mailbox's personal greeting. The mailbox can be a user, or a guest/information mailbox.

- **GoTo: Branch** — Can also be used to jump to any other branch in the auto attendant. It is a good idea to provide a jump as a sub-branch of each menu branch, giving the caller the option either to repeat the menu or exit should he not wish to select any of the choices.

> **Example:** *"For widget sales, press 1. For gadget sales, press 2. Or, to return to the main menu, press 3."* In this case, the third sub-branch would be a GoTo branch with ID 1 (the main greeting) as its programmed destination.

- **GoTo outdial** — The GoTo branch can be used to transfer to an off-premises location, either in conjunction with Centrex lines or trunk-to-trunk. When you select GoTo, the system will prompt you for one of those two options.
  The branch's dial string can be programmed to include pauses, flash hooks, etc. Use the ▲ scroll key to enter special characters; use the ▼ scroll key to backspace. Press **#** to confirm the inserted character and continue. Press **# #** to complete the entry. The codes are:

Code	Produces . . .
#	# DTMF tone
✱	✱ DTMF tone
F	Flash hook
P	Two-second delay
E	The most recently attempted extension number

> **Example:** To create an outdial string for Centrex that...
>
> - Sends a flash hook
> - Dials a two-second delay
> - Dials *9* (Centrex access code)
> - Dials another two-second delay
> - Dials *555-999-5644* (a local 10-digit call, in this example)
> - Goes on-hook
>
> ... enter **F P 9 P 5 5 5 9 9 9 5 6 4 4 # #** [the system will display *F 9 5 5 5 9 9 9 5 6 4 4*]

If you selected Centrex:
The system will dial the string as programmed and then release the call to Centrex to complete the connection.[1]

If you selected trunk-to-trunk:
The system will access another CO line to call the outdial number.

> **Note:** Two CO lines will be utilized, one for the inbound call and one to call the outdial number.

(Continued)

---

[1] Be sure that timing in Function 151 (page E.3) is set for the correct timing recognized by the local telco provider.

1. Enter the outdial number (including the access code and any special characters[1]). The system will prompt you to indicate whether DTMF detection at the remote end is required before completing the connection.

If DTMF detection **is not** required, the system will complete the trunk-to-trunk connection after dialing the final digit of the outdial number (blind transfer); skip to step 3.

However, if DTMF detection **is** required, proceed to step 2.

Example: To create an outdial string for trunk-to-trunk transfer that...

- Dials *9* (line group number)
- Pauses for dial tone
- Dials *555 999-5644* (a local 10-digit call, in this example)
- Goes on-hook

... enter **9 P 5 5 5 9 9 9 5 6 4 4**

---

2. For the outdial number, set the day call-forwarding and then the night call forwarding.

After the final digit of the outdial number, the system will begin to play to the called person the following: *"You are receiving a forwarded call. Press any key to accept."* This will play continuously for 30 seconds.

What happens now depends upon whether the system detects DTMF from the called party:

- If it does, the system completes the trunk-to-trunk connection.
- If it doesn't, the system forwards the call to the programmed call forwarding for this outdial branch (the next step for which you're prompted if DTMF detection is required).

Notes: You'll be prompted to enter a call forwarding destination for an outdial branch only if (a.) the branch uses trunk-to-trunk and (b.) DTMF detection is required. Enter an extension, branch ID or mailbox number for the day/night call forwarding of this GoTo Outdial branch.

While both COs are connected, the system constantly monitors the lines for open loops. If it detects an open loop on either line, it terminates both CO connections. Additionally, the system periodically will monitor for voice on the connected COs. If it detects no voice traffic, it terminates both CO connections. Finally, if both COs are connected for a period (programmable; default is 60 minutes), the system will terminate the connection, regardless of the presence or absence of activity.

---
[1] Special characters — such as *P* for *pause* or *F* for *flash* — can also be entered in the dial string.
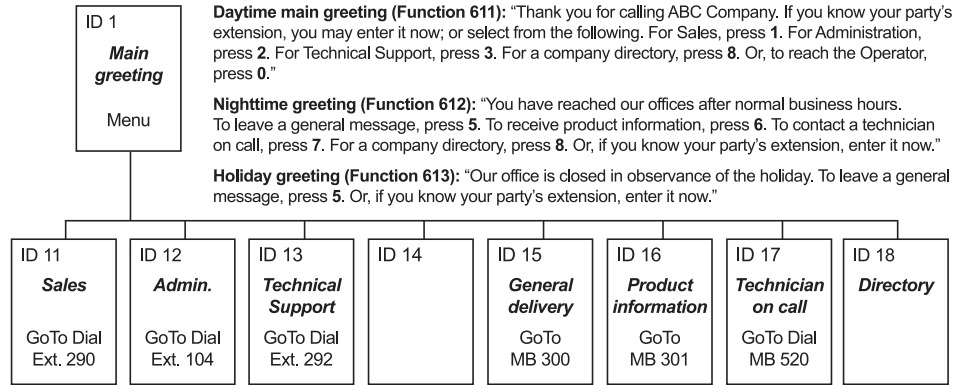
Directory branch

A **directory branch** allows the caller to be connected to an employee by selecting his or her name from a list played. Two types of directories are available:

- **All-names** — The caller selects the person he wishes to reach from the playback of all recorded names (use this if there are 10 or fewer names in the directory).
- **By-alpha**
  - The ESI C-Plus prompts the caller to enter the first letter of the individual's first or last name.
  - The ESI C-Plus then plays the matched names to the caller **in the order recorded.**
  - A second prompt then instructs the caller to press **#** when he/she hears the name of the individual.

> **Note:** The actual recording of the names and alpha "key" entry (if the directory type is by-alpha) will come later in Function 62 (see page J.2). **The directory branch(es) will not be enabled until at least one name has been recorded.** To re-record the directory prompt, "Enter the first letter of the person's first name that you wish to reach," you must enter Function 61 and then record the prompt for the ID number of the directory branch.

Programming notes

- **Automatic disconnect** — If ID 9999 is programmed as a destination, the call will be automatically disconnected.
- **Call-forward busy/no answer** — Can be programmed (and will be prompted-for) only if an outdial number is the destination of a GoTo branch.
- **Call-forward no-response** — Programmed (and will be prompted-for) only with a menu or directory branch.

```
ID 1              Daytime main greeting (Function 611): "Thank you for calling ABC Company. If you know your party's
                  extension, you may enter it now; or select from the following. For Sales, press 1. For Administration,
Main              press 2. For Technical Support, press 3. For a company directory, press 8. Or, to reach the Operator,
greeting          press 0."

Menu              Nighttime greeting (Function 612): "You have reached our offices after normal business hours.
                  To leave a general message, press 5. To receive product information, press 6. To contact a technician
                  on call, press 7. For a company directory, press 8. Or, if you know your party's extension, enter it now."

                  Holiday greeting (Function 613): "Our office is closed in observance of the holiday. To leave a general
                  message, press 5. Or, if you know your party's extension, enter it now."
```

ID 11	ID 12	ID 13	ID 14	ID 15	ID 16	ID 17	ID 18
Sales	*Admin.*	*Technical Support*		*General delivery*	*Product information*	*Technician on call*	*Directory*
GoTo Dial Ext. 290	GoTo Dial Ext. 104	GoTo Dial Ext. 292		GoTo MB 300	GoTo MB 301	GoTo Dial MB 520	

In the example above, the branch IDs and branch titles shown are for programming purposes only. The caller needs only to press **1**, **2**, *etc.*, to move through the choices.

Function 43: Automatic day/night mode table

You program the day/night mode table by selecting the day of the week, then entering the start time, and then selecting the mode — day or night. At the time you've programmed, the appropriate greeting for that mode will play and the system will follow the appropriate day or night forwarding. Enter the times in military time *(0000–2359)*. Each day can have up to six different times.

1. Select the day of the week by pressing a scroll key (either ▼ or ▲).

2. Press **#** to confirm.

3. Enter the day's start time in 24-hour format.

4. Press **#** to confirm.

5. Select the mode — *DAY, NGT* — by pressing a scroll key (either ▼ or ▲).

6. Press **#** to confirm.

7. Repeat steps 3–6 for the day's next setting **or** press **#** again to program another day.

8. When finished, press **#** again to exit.

> **Note:** To delete an entry, press **HOLD**.

Day/night mode worksheet example

In the example below, night mode is programmed for:

- After 5:00 PM on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday.
- During lunchtime on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday.
- After 2:00 PM on Wednesday and Saturday.
- All day Sunday.

Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
0800 D	0800 D	0800 D	0800 D	0800 D	0800 D	
1200 N	1200 N	1400 N	1200 N	1200 N	1400 N	
1300 D	1300 D		1300 D	1300 D		
1700 N	1700 N		1700 N	1700 N		

> **Note:** For the schedule to take effect, the system must be placed in the "auto" mode.

Remote setting of day, night, holiday and auto modes

Normally, the system's day/night mode operation will be manually controlled at an ESI desktop phone and/or set to follow the day/night mode tables (programmed by the Installer) automatically. In addition, the Administrator can remotely change the mode and/or re-record the holiday greeting to handle unexpected closings such as for inclement weather.

Remotely logging into the system with either the Installer password or the Administrator password lets the caller re-record the ID 1 greetings (day and night) and the holiday greeting, as well as change the mode to day/night/holiday (or auto).

1. At the main greeting, enter ✻ ✻ **7 8 9 #** or **4 5 6 #** — or the new password — to enter remote programming mode.

2. You'll hear prompts that will allow you to change the answer mode (day, night, holiday, or auto) and/or to re-record the holiday greeting and the main greeting (ID 1). Follow the prompts to perform the desired operation.

3. Exit by pressing ✻ and hanging up.

Function 5: Voice mail programming

To simplify initial installation, all programmed extensions will automatically have the generic personal greeting, *"You have reached the mailbox for extension* [xxx].*"* The mailbox user should replace this with a personalized greeting. Each mailbox must have a greeting recorded for The ESI C-Plus to consider the mailbox active.

Function 53: Guest/info mailboxes

Mailboxes numbered 300–489 can be programmed as either a guest or info mailbox. Enter the mailbox number and select *Guest* or *Info* by pressing a scroll (▼ or ▲) key.

Guest mailboxes

Guest mailboxes are designed to be used by personnel, such as in outside sales or manufacturing, who don't have an extension assigned to them.

Notes:	A guest mailbox can be handled like a regular extension (*i.e.,* listed in the directory, assigned a station key, etc.), and is password-protected by default.
	Guest mailboxes do not support AutoPage (but do support off-premises "reach-me").

Default: 300–489 as guest mailboxes.

Info mailboxes

Info mailboxes can be used to give callers information on a variety of different subjects by "publishing" these mailbox numbers. Info mailboxes are identical to guest mailboxes except that the caller will not be given a record tone after the personal greeting (the information to be played). Instead, the caller will be forwarded as programmed in this function (default is the caller will be disconnected after the information is played).

Guest/info mailboxes are created or deleted here, but are turned "on" only when a personal greeting (the information to be played) has been recorded. Deleting the personal greetings will turn "off" the mailbox.

To record a greeting, press **PROG/HELP** ✱ and the mailbox number; then press **#** to confirm, and follow the prompts. The default password is the mailbox number. The maximum length of the recording time is 14 minutes.

Below is an example of a completed Programming Worksheet, showing the sequence of programming:

1. MB	2. Name	3. Type	4. Ext. fwd.	5. Line grp.	6. CF day	7. CF night
400	Dana	Guest	Y	9		
402	Literature	Info			MB 302	MB 302

(Continued)

Each programming step is defined as follows:

1. **Mailbox number** — Enter a guest mailbox number.

2. **Name** — The mailbox name is used for the display, reports, and as a programming aid. The name length can be no longer than 10 characters (see "Entering alphanumeric characters," page D.2). **Default:** The Mailbox number.

3. **Type** — Select a mailbox type: Guest or Info. **Default:** Guest.

4. **External forward** *(guest mailbox only)* — A guest mailbox can be set to allow off-premises "reach-me." **Default:** No.

5. **Line group** — Used for off-premises "reach-me." **Default:** 9.

6. **and 7. Call forward** *(info mailbox only)* — An info mailbox can be set to call forward after the personal greeting has played to an extension, department, a mailbox or a branch ID for day mode and differently for night mode. **Default:** ID9999 (automatic disconnect).

Broadcast mailbox

Mailbox 500, the **broadcast mailbox,** is a special mailbox that can be used to leave messages for all of the system's digital station users (extensions 100–115) who have recorded a personal greeting. The broadcast mailbox's user list cannot be edited. Guest mailboxes are not included in the broadcast group. For more information, refer to the *ESI C-Plus User's Guide*.

Function 55: Message notification

On a mailbox-by-mailbox basis for user or guest mailboxes, the system can be programmed to call an off-premises number or another extension to deliver messages or dial to an external commercial paging network to activate a user's pager. The ESI C-Plus will call or page when the first new message has been left in a mailbox and will repeat (at the interval of minutes programmed in this function) until the new message(s) have been deleted, saved or moved.

The user can program either a phone *or* pager number.

The Installer and Administrator can set, on an individual-station basis:

- The number to be called
- A delay period
- The number of attempts (maximum of 99)
- The interval between attempts
- A "quiet period" to suspend phone delivery — *e.g.*, late at night (the quiet period is an on-and-off time that applies to all days of the week)

> **Note:** Only pager *or* phone notification can be programmed, not both.

Function 551: Station delivery options

Programming of the station options, as shown below, can be performed by the Installer or Administrator. In addition, the user can change his phone number and pager number (but not phone or pager delay time). The phone number's maximum length is 24 digits.

	1. Number	2. Delay	3. Attempts	4. Interval	5. Quiet on	6. Quiet off
1. Phone	2145556789	30	6	60	10:30PM	7:15AM
2. Pager	2145551234	0	10	30		

To program, enter the station/extension number and choose **1** for phone number or **2** for pager number. Then, enter:

1. **Phone/pager number** — The number to be dialed (**without** the CO line group [*9, 8* or *7*]).

2. **Delay** — How many minutes the system is to wait before dialing the phone or pager number. This allows the user to pick up a message if he is in the office.
   Range: 0–500. **Default:** 0.

3. **Attempts** — How many times the system will call/page.
   Range: 0–99. (0 turns off delivery.) **Default:** 3.

4. **Interval** — How many minutes should elapse between attempts.
   Range: 10–1440. **Default:** 30.

5. **Quiet period on** — When the quiet period should begin.
   Default: (None.)

6. **Quiet period off** — When the quiet period should end.
   Default: (None.)

Notes:	For the **Quiet period on** or **Quiet period off** parameters, a value in **either** of *0:00* is invalid and will cause notification not to work.
	To insert a special code, press the right scroll key (▲) to select the desired special code: **#** , **✱** , **F** or **P** (see below). Press **#** to confirm the inserted character and continue. Press **# #** to complete the entry. Use the down arrow key (▼) to backspace. Once the number is saved, you can use the scroll keys to move back and forth to view the number. To edit the number, you must delete it and enter the correct number.

Code	What it produces
#	# DTMF tone
✱	✱ DTMF tone
F	Flash hook
P	Two-second pause

Function 552: Delivery/paging parameters

The sequence of programming is as follows:

1. **CO line access** — Enter the CO line group (*9, 8* or *7*) that is to be accessed for delivery.
   Default: 9.

2. **Maximum lines** — Enter the maximum number of lines (in the selected CO line group) that the system can access simultaneously. Make enough lines to accommodate high notification traffic (but be careful: if you make available **all** lines in the selected line group **and** high notification traffic occurs, the system could tie up all lines).
   Range: 1–10. **Default:** 1.

3. **Pager dialing pause** — When paging, the system will send the mailbox number to be shown in the pager's display. To allow time for the paging service to answer, enter the pause, in seconds, to occur between when the system dials the pager number and when it then dials the mailbox number.
   Range: 0–20. **Default:** 6.

Function 56: Cascade notification mailboxes

In addition to individual mailbox paging, The ESI C-Plus can support up to 10 **cascade notification mailboxes** (520–529). These can be assigned to anyone who requires escalating levels of notification beyond the single level available in all user mailboxes. In this function, you program the notification numbers and number of times each is to be notified before the next notification number is dialed; additionally, the mailbox owner can program these settings. To record a greeting, press **PROG/HELP** ✶ and the mailbox number; then press **#** to confirm, and follow the prompts. The default password is the mailbox number. The maximum recording length is controlled by Function 51; the default is 10 minutes.

Cascade mailbox options

The user can program up to three external numbers, of up to 24 digits each, to be called or paged whenever the mailbox takes a new or urgent message. The system will dial the first number (for the number of times listed), then dial the second paging number (for the number of times listed), and finally dial the third number, continuing in this sequence to call all three numbers until the message has been retrieved.

1. MB	2. 1st Number	3. Type	4. Attempts	5. 2nd Number	6. Type	7. Attempts	8. 3rd Number	9. Type
520	2145553232	PHONE	2	2145554254	PHONE	3	2145555452	PAGER

To program this, enter:

1. **The mailbox number** — **Range:** 520–529. [Then press **1** to enter number programming, and proceed to Step 2.]

2. **First number** — The number to be dialed (**without** the CO line group)*.*

3. **Type** — *PHONE* or *PAGER*. Use scroll keys to select.

4. **Attempts** — How many times the system will call before adding the second number.
   Range: 0–99 (*0* immediately pages all numbers). **Default:** 1.

5. **Second number** — The number to be dialed (**without** the CO line group)*.*

6. **Type** — *PHONE* or *PAGER*. Use scroll keys to select.

7. **Attempts** — How many times the system will call before adding the third number.
   Range: 0–99. **Default:** 1.

8. **Third number** — The number to be dialed (**without** the CO line group)*.*

9. **Type** — *PHONE* or *PAGER*. Use scroll keys to select.

> **Notes:** Use the ▲ scroll key to enter special characters; use the ▼ scroll key to backspace. Press **#** to confirm the inserted character and continue. Press **# #** to complete the entry.
>
> To change the number, delete and then re-enter it.

Cascade notification parameters

The cascade notification mailboxes will use the same CO line group and pager dialing pause as programmed in Function 552 (see page I.3).

Notification interval

To program the notification interval parameter for a cascade notification mailbox:

1. Enter the mailbox number *(520–529).*

2. Press **2** to set parameters for the mailbox.

3. Enter the number of minutes for the interval between attempts.
   Range: 1–1440. **Default:** 30.

Function 6: Recording

Function 61: Re-record main greeting

The main greeting prompts are re-recorded here.

Recording a prompt

1. Practice the prompt by recording and re-recording (start and stop by pressing **1**).

2. When satisfied with its quality, press **#** to confirm.

- **Day main greeting** — Plays to callers if the auto attendant is programmed to answer in day mode. Press **1** to re-record.
  Default: *"Thank you for calling. Please dial the extension number of the party you wish to reach or dial 0 for the operator."*

- **Night main greeting** — Plays to callers when the system is in night mode. Press **2** to re-record.
  Default: No recording.

> **Note:** See also "Holiday main greeting" under "System prompts," *below*.

System prompts

- **Busy (530)** — Plays to the outside caller if an extension is busy.
  Default: *"That extension is busy."*

- **No answer (531)** — Plays to the caller if an extension does not answer.
  Default: *"That extension does not answer."*

- **Hold (532)** — Plays to the caller who makes a menu selection or enters an extension number.
  Default: *"One moment, please."*

- **Q/Z (534)** — Plays to a caller who has selected an alphabetic directory; instructs the caller to press **1** for the letters *Q* or *Z* since these two letters do not appear on the phone keypad; plays at the end of the first directory prompt (but only if a name in the directory starts with a *Q* or *Z).*
  Default: *"For the letters* Q *or* Z, *use key number 1."*

- **No names matched (535)** — Plays to the caller if, in a directory branch, the first letter he/she selected has no names associated with it, or if he/she has listened to all of the names played and has made no selection. After playing the prompt, the ESI system forwards the call to the extension, branch or mailbox as programmed in call forward no response.
  Default: *"No names matched; one moment please."*

- **End of message (537)** — Plays after a caller leaving a message presses **1** to stop recording; the prompt then tells the caller his/her options.
  Default: *"To continue this recording, press 1; to return to the main menu, press 8; or, if finished, press* ✶ *and hang up."*

- **Holiday main greeting (540)** — Plays to callers when the system has been manually placed in holiday mode.
  Default: *"Thank you for calling. Our office is closed in observance of the holiday. You may dial your party's extension, at any time, or please call back during regular business hours."*

> **Note:** While in holiday mode, the system follows night mode programming for call routing.

> **Note:** Deleting a system prompt by pressing **HOLD** (instead of **#**) restores to the default recording.

Function 62: Record directory names

This function is accessible only if a directory branch has been created as part of auto attendant programming. Enter the extension number and record the name (and, if this is a by-alpha branch, enter the name key.)

Default: Last name.

> **Important:** Print the worksheet (available from *www.esi-estech.com/Resellers/docs*) for preparing directories and making future changes. As names change, the Administrator can enter this function and change any field via the Administrator password.

1. Ext.	2. Recorded name	3. Key
102	Frank Jones	**3**
113	Janet Smith	**5**

> **Note:** To record the prompt "Enter the first letter of the person's last name," you must enter Function 61 and then enter the ID number of the directory branch.

Each programming step is defined as follows:

1. **Extension number** — Enter the extension number for the directory name.

2. **Record name** — Press **1** to begin recording and press **1** again when finished.

Function 63: Message-on-hold (MOH) programming

MOH can be:

- A live feed from an external music source connected to the **MOH** connector located on the side of the cabinet.
- One of three default, generic MOHs pre-recorded by the factory.
- A custom MOH loaded into the system by using a cassette recorder plugged into the **MOH** connector.

Function 631: MOH source

This selects the source for the system that will be played to callers on hold.

Code	Source
590	Live external source*
591	Pre-recorded music
592	Pre-recorded with *"please continue to hold"*
593	Pre-recorded with *"dial 0 or extension from hold"*
594	Customer-recorded message on hold

* Dialing off-hold doesn't work (can still dial off greetings and announcements).

Default: 592 (generic message-on-hold).

Function 632: MOH recording

1. Connect the message/music source to the MOH port on the side of the cabinet.

> **Note:** The connector is monophonic-only — if you use a stereo source, you must either set it to output mono, if possible, **or** use a stereo-to-mono conversion cable (or adapter).

2. Enter **594**.

3. Press **1** to begin recording. To aid you in queuing, the source will be played through the phone's speaker.

> **Note:** The recorded material should not have a "beginning" or "end" — so that playback can loop continuously.

4. Press **1** when finished. The recording will play back so you can review it.

5. Press **#** to accept the recording.

> **Note:** Once you have recorded a custom MOH, you delete it by recording one second of silence.

Function 633: MOH volume

If a custom MOH is recorded, the output volume can be adjusted in this function.
Range: 1 (faint)–12 (loudest). **Default:** 6.

> **Notes:** If an external audio source such as a radio is used for MOH, adjust the volume at the source.
>
> To turn **live** MOH volume completely off, turn off volume at the source.
>
> To turn **recorded** MOH volume completely off, select prompt 594, but make sure it's blank. This prompt is blank by default; if you have recorded some audio on it, just select it and record a few seconds of silence.

Feature description:
SMDR

SMDR (station message detail reporting) call records are output in real time via an ESI phone system's **Maintenance/SMDR** serial port. Connect a standard serial printer or call accounting system to the serial port. SMDR data will be stored temporarily if a laptop is connected for programming (five minutes after you exit programming mode, the buffered SMDR will resume output to the serial port).

The output from the serial port is: 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, and no parity [the baud rate is selected under Function 18 (see page E.9)].

SMDR may be output in one of two formats, selected in system programming: **tabular** or **CSV**. The tabular format is the default.

Tabular SMDR format

ESI's tabular SMDR output format, which is compatible with the standard Panasonic® DBS® format except for the last two (ESI-exclusive) items, is as shown below:

```
          1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8
 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890
 T MM/DD HH:MM:SS HH:MM:SS NNN XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX  AAAAAAAAAA       LL
```

Regardless of numbering plan, the columns are:

- **Call type** — Outbound ("O"), inbound ("I") or transferred ("T") at column 1.
- **Date** ("MM/DD") — Begins at column 3.
- **Start time** ("HH:MM:SS") — Begins at column 9.
- **Duration** ("HH:MM:SS") — Begins at column 18.
- **Extension number** ("NNN") — Begins at column 27.
- **Digits dialed** (right-justified)/**Caller ID** (left-justified) — Begins at column 31 (28 characters).
- **Account code** ("AAAA") — Begins at column 60. (See also "SMDR format when using account codes," page K.4.)
- **CO line number** ("LL") — Begins at column 77.

Each record is terminated with a line feed and carriage return character.

CSV SMDR format

The **comma-separated value (CSV)** format is readable from within *Microsoft Excel*® and other spreadsheet applications.

> **Note:** The CSV format does not support account codes (see page K.4).

A CSV record is output for each completed call, and represented as follows (word-wrapped):

Format:

```
"T","MMDDYYYY","HHMMSS","HHMMSS","NNN","XXXXXXXXXX. . .XXX","CCCCCCCCCC. . .CCC","LL"
```

Example:

```
"O","10312003","221502","020512","190","12125551212","","11"
```


The fields are:

- **Call type** ("T") — Outbound ("O"), inbound ("I") or transferred ("T").
- **Start date** ("MMDDYYYY") — Eight characters, zero-filled.
- **Start time** ("HHMMSS") — Six characters, zero-filled; 24 hour clock.
- **Duration** ("HHMMSS") — Six characters, zero-filled.
- **Extension number** ("NNN") — Four characters, space-filled, right-justified.
- **Digits dialed/Caller ID** ("XXXXXXX . . . XXX") — Up to 28 characters, null-filled.
- **Caller ID name** ("CCCCCCCCC . . . CCC") — Up to 24 characters, null-filled.
- **Line number** ("LL") — Three characters, null-filled, right-justified.

Each field is delimited with double quote marks and separated with a single comma. Null fields are still included as place holders (as shown in the example, *above*). Each record is terminated with a line feed and carriage return character.

Reporting conventions and rules

- Inbound and outbound call records are generated only for calls between a station and a CO line.
  ESI systems provide SMDR records only for calls answered by, or originated from, a system extension. ESI systems **don't** provide SMDR records for the following types of calls:

  – **Incoming** calls . . .
    • To the auto attendant that don't leave the auto attendant.
    • Directly to a mailbox.

  – **Outgoing** calls . . .
    • Sent to the auto attendant and forwarded out using go-to outdial branches.
    • Generated using message delivery notification.

- The duration of each call record represents the period of time that the station controlled its portion of a call. A record is generated each time a station does any of the following:

  – Disconnects.
  – Places a call on hold.
  – Transfers a call.

  A single CO call could be included in multiple records if it is transferred from station to station.

- Periods when calls are placed on hold or attempts at supervised transfers are unsuccessful are included in the station's record.
- A new record begins when a station answers an incoming call, a transferred call, or a hold recall.
- Records will be generated independently for all stations in a conference. If more than one CO line is involved in a conference, each call record generated by that conference will be associated with only the last line disconnected.
- Dialed digits don't include the line group or location number.
- Outbound calls begin a call record 10 seconds after the call has cleared toll restriction.

PC interface

Use an RS-232C cable to connect a PC's serial port to the system's **Maintenance/SMDR** port.

> **Note:** SMDR data will be stored temporarily if a laptop is connected for programming (five to 15 minutes after you exit programming mode, the buffered SMDR data will resume output to the serial port).

K.3

SMDR format when using account codes

The account code will be output in the SMDR record in character positions 60 through 69, inclusive (compliant with Panasonic DBS SMDR format). A new line will be generated each time someone enters an account code (indicated below by "A").

```
           1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8
  12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890
   T MM/DD HH:MM:SS HH:MM:SS NNN XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX  AAAAAAAAAA       LL
```

Examples: One account code entered during an incoming call:

```
12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890
I 11/23 09:22:45 00:10:15 104 2145559700 DOE AND CO.         1234500001       07
```

Three different account codes entered during the same incoming call:

```
12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890
I 11/23 09:22:45 00:10:15 104 2145552324 AAA FINANCIAL       1234500001       07
I 11/23 09:33:00 00:27:00 104 2145552324 AAA FINANCIAL       1234500010       07
I 11/23 10:00:00 00:56:22 104 2145552324 AAA FINANCIAL       1234500050       07
```

A user should be able to tell from this SMDR report that the following charges should apply:
• Account 1234500001, for a 10-minute, 15-second call (between 9:22:45 and 9:33:00).
• Account 1234500010, for a 27-minute call (between 9:33:00 and 10:00:00).
• Account 1234500050, for a 56-minute, 22-second call (between 10:00:00 and 10:56:22).

There's no indication in the SMDR record if an incorrect account number was used.

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